Library of Congress

FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

# THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LIX.—NO. 56. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1896. WHOLE NO. 9,047

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

**Fort Almanac—November 26.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Sun Rises | 6.47 A M |
| Sun Sets | 4 46 P M |
| Day's Length | 9 h 00 m |
| High Water at Southport | 11.99 A M |
| High Water at Wilmington | 1.19 P M |

**The Weather.**

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE. WEATHER BUREAU. WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 26.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 55°; 8 p. m., 63°; maximum, 73°; minimum, 53°; mean, 63°.

Rainfall for the day, —; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 1.99.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 25.—At 8 a. m. the stage of the water in the Cape Fear river was 3.8 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, fair; easterly winds, becoming southeasterly.

## OUTLINES.

Agents of the Spanish Government are purchasing horses and mules in Kansas City markets for the use of the army in Cuba. —— Antonio Lopez Coloma, a Cuban leader, who surrendered to the Spaniards under promise of amnesty, has been condemned to death. —— The majority for Russell, Republican candidate for Governor of North Carolina, over Watson, Democrat, is 9,019. —— Without extensive alterations it is very doubtful whether the battleship Texas can be again ordered to sea. —— An engineer and fireman were killed and an express messenger badly injured in an accident on the Pennsylvania Railroad near New Brunswick, N. J. —— A new issue of gold certificates is proposed by the Treasury Department. —— Mr. Bryan delivers an address at the banquet of the Denver Chamber of Commerce, after which he proceeds to Pueblo, Col., where an immense crowd greeted him upon his arrival. —— Leading Madrid newspapers demand that Gen. Weyler be superseded. —— Fire in a cigar factory caused a panic among the four hundred employes, but no one was badly injured. —— The Western Passenger Association adopts new agreement regulating the issue of passes, which is expected to result in a reduction of the number issued by 50 per cent. —— Two important engagements are reported to have taken place with Maceo's forces, in which the Spaniards were defeated with heavy losses in killed and wounded. —— The Prime Minister of Spain supports the course pursued by Gen. Weyler and ridicules the idea that he will be superseded because of his return to Havana. —— Gen. Bradley T. Johnson believes that President Cleveland will send a message to Congress recommending the recognition of the Coban belligerents and that immediately thereafter Spain will declare war against the United States. —— The National Tobacco Growers' Convention, which will be held in Ocala, Fla., January 12th, promises to be one of the most important gatherings ever held in Florida; representatives from every tobacco growing State will be present. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call was easy at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2 per cent., closing offered at 2 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling gulf 7⅞c, middling 7⅝c; Southern flour quiet at quotations—common to fair extra $2 85@3 45; good to choice $3 45@3 60; wheat—spot dull and firmer, with options; ungraded red 87@89c; corn—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 30c at elevator and 31c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1 90; spirits turpentine fairly active at 27@27½c.

The wire nail may hold all right but the Trust didn't. It has pulled out.

It is the talk in Washington that Senator Calvin S. Brice is "out of politics for good," and for the good of politics, too.

Potatoes are so cheap in the West that the railroads refuse to haul them unless the freight is prepaid, and they will not take freight in potatoes.

Commenting on the small majority which Bryan received in South Dakota, a Republican exchange remarks that "sanity as still in the saddle in South Dakota." It is. Any majority however small for Bryan is a sure proof that sanity is still in the saddle.

A New York goat, of the Wm. kind, the other day disputed the right of way with nine cable cars, and held his ground notwithstanding the cable train had the assistance of a big policeman, until a Texas ranchman happened along and took a mean advantage of him with a lariat.

## IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Twelve Months | $5.00 |
| Six " | 2.50 |
| Three " | 1.25 |
| Two " | 1.00 |
| One " | 50 |

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Some of the Spanish Dons, who do not like the attitude of this country on the Cuban affair, have struck on a plan of bringing us to taw, and doing it cheap. They propose to raise about $200,000, hire a lot of anarchists and turn them loose on Uncle Sam. They haven't kept entirely posted and read the anti-Bryan papers during the last campaign, or they would have discovered that we have about 6,000,000 anarchists in this country already, which we would turn loose to eat those anarchists up.

Spain wants an apology, and all because some of the sovereign denizens of New Castle, Delaware, showed their preference for the Cubans by incinerating a Spanish flag, after the style that some Spanish towns sometime ago burned the U. S. bunting. The Spanish Minister has been instructed to demand an apology. We do not know whether in event the apology isn't forth coming they propose to make it hot in return for the hotness shown the flag.

Some of the Eastern papers think that Senator-elect Alexander Stephens Clay, of Georgia, will find it difficult to tote that name with credit to the combination. Well, it would be a pretty heavy load for an ordinary individual, but A. S. C. is a self-made man and turned out a pretty good job.

The constitution of Utah provides that there shall be no connection between politics and religion. Well, we expect that's all right, but if there was more connection between politics and religion in this country than there is, the Republicans wouldn't get away with us as often as they do.

Most of one county in Georgia is embraced in the famous O'Keefenookee swamp. There wasn't any election held there for President. Well, as it turned out, it doesn't make any difference. We would have been swamped all the same.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MERCER & EVANS—Shoes.
FOOT BALL—At Hilton Park.
MASONIC—Meeting Wil. Lodge.
OPERA HOUSE—The Mountebank.
W. P. OLDHAM—Finest of the season.

## PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. T. O. Tuttle, of South Carolina, is in the city.

— Col. Jno. F. Bruton, of Wilson, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. H. D. Vernelson, of Atlanta, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Wm. J. Bellamy was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. C. W. Hanks, of Charlotte, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Wm. Bissinger left yesterday to spend Thanksgiving at Newbern.

— Mr. J. W. Connerly, of Fair Bluff, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. R. M. Norment, of Lumberton, was in the city yesterday on business.

— Mr. E. L. Faison, Jr., of Elliotts, N. C., was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. Milton G. Elliott, son of Mr. Warren G. Elliott, is in the city on a visit to his parents.

— Messrs. J. W. Barnes and Wm. L. Jacobs left yesterday for a hunting trip in Onslow county.

— Master Edwin Metts arrived here last evening to visit his parents Mr. and Mrs. Jas. I. Metts.

— Chief of Fire Department Martin Newman and Mr. A. G. Ricaud, returned to the city last night.

— Col. Thos. G. Kenan, Clerk of the Supreme Court of North Carolina arrived in the city yesterday, accompanied by his wife.

— Mr. Wm. Jennings Bellamy is the manager of the University of North Carolina team, which arrived here yesterday to try their metal with the Wilmington foot ball team.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Rev. A. J. McKelway has declined the call to the Presbyterian church of Paris, Texas, and his congregation and the community generally are again grateful to him.

— Mr. A. J. Macdonnell, of New Orleans, who will have the training of the young people who will take part in the spectacular Kirmess to be given next month by ladies of Wilmington, arrived last night and called at the STAR office.

Store of C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s will be closed to-day, but to-morrow is their Bargain Day. †

## LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The foot ball game at Hilton Park to day will be called at 3 o'clock p. m.

— Thanksgiving services will be conducted by Rev. G. M. Tolson to night at the Chapel of the Good Shepard.

— There will be services to-day at 11 o'clock in St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church, corner of Market and Sixth streets.

— There will be services in St. John's church to-day (Thanksgiving Day) at 11 o'clock. Offerings for the Thomasville Orphanage.

— There will be Thanksgiving service at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church at 11 a. m. to-day, conducted by the pastor. A collection will be taken up for Barium Springs Orphan Home.

— At St. James' church to-day there will be service at 11 o'clock a. m.; offerings for the children at the Thompson Orphanage. All making offerings in kind are requested to send them to the church before 9.30 a. m.

— Turkeys and other fowls—alive and dressed—were in abundant supply in the city markets yesterday and sold at reasonable prices; dressed turkeys at 8 to 12½ cents, while live turkeys were held at 9 cents per pound.

— The Norwegian barque *Aurora* cleared yesterday for London, Eng., with 5,153 barrels rosin and 400 casks spirits turpentine, value $14,601.94. Vessel by Heide & Co.; cargo by Paterson, Downing & Co., and Murchison & Co.

— Savannah *News*: Messrs. McNair & Pearsall, naval stores merchants at Wilmington, N. C., have bought a large tract of land near Phœnix, Fla., and will shortly open up a very extensive turpentine and lumber business there.

— A warrant was issued yesterday for the arrest of a young white man charged with disturbing the congregation at the Chapel of the Good Shepherd, corner of Sixth and Queen streets. The case will be heard to-morrow in the City Court.

## BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—418 bales cotton.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—465 bales cotton, 94 casks spirits turpentine, 178 bbls rosin, 80 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—344 bales cotton, 30 casks spirits turpentine, 312 bbls rosin, 87 bbls tar, 31 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—90 bales cotton, 58 casks spirits turpentine, 198 bbls rosin, 69 bbls tar.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—88 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 129 bbls rosin, 30 bbls tar.

Schooner Argyle—83 bales cotton, 22 casks spirits turpentine, 39 bbls rosin, 5 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1,483 bales; spirits turpentine, 187 casks; rosin, 849 bbls; tar, 231 bbls; crude turpentine, 39 bbls.

Preparing for the Kirmess.

The Kirmess, which will be given at the Opera House for a series of four nights, December 14, 15, 16 and 17, will be the *chef d'œuvre* of amateur theatrical performances ever produced in the city. Every nation will be presented by their most "light of foot" artists. For four nights the Thespians of the City by the Sea will lose their identity and in the guise of Cossack soldiers, Indian braves, Spanish dancing girls, etc., will join in a scene of merriment which will delight the eye, please the ear, bewilder the brain and at the same time help to raise funds for the erection of a shaft in memory of that grand old patriot, Cornelius Harnett. Over one hundred dancers will "tread the boards," arrayed in costume of the nation which he or she may represent, and keep time to the beautiful Kirmess music, played by an orchestra of eleven pieces.

A Quiet Home Wedding.

Miss Comfort Walton, daughter of Mr. J. G. Walton, of Masonboro, and Mr. Asa W. Allen, of Wilmington, were married yesterday afternoon at 5 30 o'clock, at the residence of the parents of the bride. The ceremony was performed by Rev. M. C. Walton, uncle of the bride. Many invited guests, relatives and friends of the bride and groom were in attendance and the young couple were the recipients of many handsome presents. After the ceremony the bridal party came to the city, where Mr. and Mrs. Allen will reside, at No. 195 South Eighth street.

Wills-Alderman.

A correspondent of the STAR, writing from Greensboro, Nov. 24th, says:

This evening, at half-past eight o'clock, at the residence of Mr. A. H. Alderman, a brother of the bride, Miss Manna Alderman was united in marriage to Mr. J. Norman Wills, Rev. J. A. Cunninggim, D. D., performing the ceremony. The bride is well known to many Wilmington people, having resided there for several months of this year, with her brother, Mr. Sidney L. Alderman. The groom is a successful young business man of Greensboro.

Thanksgiving Day.

To-day will be observed throughout the State of North Carolina as a day of thanksgiving, in accordance with the proclamation issued by the Governor of the State, and as is its custom, the MORNING STAR will give its employes a holiday. No paper, therefore, will be issued to-morrow, but the STAR will appear as usual Saturday morning.

C. W. Polvogt & Co. will be closed to-day, but Friday will be their Greatest Bargain Day of the season. †

Spend your Cash Friday for Bargains at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s, it is their Bargain Day. †

## THE FOOT BALL GAME.

Arrival of the N. C. University Team—Will Play Wilmington at Hilton Park This Afternoon—Both Teams in Fine Shape.

With white and blue ribbons fluttering from the lappels of their coats the Reserve foot ball team of the University of North Carolina stepped from the Atlantic Coast Line train late yesterday afternoon.

They were met at the train by the proper representatives of the Wilmington foot ball association, and the jolly crowd of foot ballists were driven to The Orton, where they were elegantly quartered.

Fourteen men comprise the 'Varsity Reserves, and they are accompanied by several wearers of the white and blue, who have come down to the "City by the Sea" to cheer on to victory the sturdy pig-skin hustlers of the University.

The team will probably line up with Herring at Centre, Pond at Left Guard, Lentz at Right Tackle, Bagwell at Left Tackle, Klintz at Right End, Osborne at Left End, McKee at Quarter, Baxton and Collins Half Backs and Tate at Full. This is almost sure to be the line-up of the team, but there will be no dead certainty as to who will play the positions until the team lines up at Hilton this afternoon.

The wearers of the white and blue already speak highly of Wilmington and will doubtless receive every courtesy that Wilmington can extend.

The game will be called at 3 o'clock this afternoon in Hilton Park and a great crowd will be present to cheer on to victory their favorite eleven.

The Varsity boys took in the show last night and frequently gave their yell, which was enthusiastically responded to by the Wilmington team.

The betting odds are slightly in favor of Wilmington, although every one acknowledges that the contest will be a close one.

Wilmington has a decided advantage in weight, while the Varsity have had much more experience and considerable team work.

Wilmington will doubtless make use of the heavy line men, while the Varsity will adopt a systematic method of tricks and team work. There is no doubt but that each team is stronger than last year and that the people of Wilmington will be treated to a "battle royal," such as they have never witnessed before.

Purple and gold, the Wilmington colors, are seen everywhere, with an occasional white and blue ribbon worn by some of Wilmington's fairest daughters, forming a beautiful contrast. Both colors will be floating on the breezes at Hilton Park this afternoon and the well-known yells of Carolina will doubtless be heard from many.

"Hackie, hackie, hackie,
Sis boom ah!
Carolina, Carolina,
Rah, rah, rah!

"Ruff, tuff,
We're the stuff!
We play foot ball,
Never get enough—
R-a-h!"

With an occasional—

"Rah, rah, rah;
White and blue;
Vivla, vivla, N. C. U."

The Wilmington yell is as follows:

"Rah, ree, run;
Rah, ree, run;
Whoop-la! whoop-la!
W-i-l-m-i-n-g-t-o-n.
Sis boom, Tiger—
W-i-l-m-i-n-g-t-o-n!"

## Y. M. C. ASSOCIATION

The Membership Contest—"Reds" Leading the "Blues"—Ladies' Auxiliary to Meet Friday.

The "Reds" in the Young Men's Christian Association membership contest are leading the "Blues" by two names. The "Blues" fully expect to vanquish them in a few days, however. Yesterday was spent in pretty active canvassing, and the formation of some new "schemes" by both parties.

There is some little misunderstanding as to when the fees must be paid. An application for full privileges must be accompanied by at least two dollars and the other three dollars must be paid by January 1st. The applicant has the right to at once begin the use of his privileges, and put on the colors of his side and go to work for other members.

The limit of age in the Association is 15 years; but boys under that age are allowed to join as juniors, and have almost as many privileges as "the grown ups." They cannot use the building after 6 o'clock without special arrangement and the consent of their guardians, and they may be expelled or suspended for cause. The dues for juniors are the same as for men—$5, and $3 per year according to the privileges. The boys use the gymnasium and baths, libraries, reading room and concerts.

The meeting of the ladies will be held on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock, instead of this afternoon, to-day being Thanksgiving. All ladies who are interested in the cause, whether members of the Auxiliary or not, are invited to attend, put on the ribbons and enlist in the fight. This is a campaign in which the ladies can take part, and do all the work they wish.

Cotton Ship on Fire.

A press dispatch to the STAR last night, from Halifax, says: "The British steamer *Wreggo*, from Wilmington, N. C., on November 7th, for Liverpool, loaded with cotton, put in here to-night with her cargo on fire. She is anchored in the stream. The *Wreggo* is of 1,888 tons register, and is commanded by Captain Rowe."

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

Eat and be merry, for to-morrow is C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s Bargain Day. †

## SENATORIAL QUESTION.

A DEAD-LOCK LIKELY TO RESULT IN THE ELECTION.

Republicans Do Not Propose to Let Butler Do the Bull-Dozing—Many Candidates in the Field—The City Charter to Be Changed—Republicans Delaying Lease of the A. & N. C. Railroad.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 25.

A member of the Republican Executive Committee, and a leading member of that party in the State, said to day that it was possible that a dead-lock might result in the election of a Senator. He said that if Butler pursued his present policy, the possibility of an election would be remote. "The Republicans," he stated, "would support no one save Pritchard. We do not propose to let Mr. Butler bulldoze the Republican party in this State. Butler wants Pritchard to divide the patronage of the Senate, as well as the Federal patronage, but this will never be done. Not a Democrat will be removed from office until the Senatorial question is settled, and if the Populists defeat Pritchard we will see that they do not get a thing. There will never be another Populist Congressman from North Carolina if Pritchard is defeated. We want this understood at the start. I speak the sentiment of every true Republican."

The above statement, coming from the source it does, puts a new phase on the situation. Can this be the lever to break the backbone of Marion Butler? A gang of wild Populists clamoring for office will go to most any extreme.

I made the rounds among the politicians to-day, including two of the State chairmen, with the purpose of obtaining a complete list of Senatorial candidates to date. While some few boomlets may have been overlooked the majority of them were spotted. The Republicans only have one candidate and he is Jeter Pritchard. As to the Populists, why they are all in the race. But the more avowed candidates are Cy. Thompson, L. C. Caldwell, Maj. W. A. Guthrie, Walter R. Henry, S. Otho Wilson, J. W. Ramsey, Harry Skinner and Oliver Dockery. Dr. J. J. Mott was put down as a free silver Populist.

Republicans declare that Dr. Mott carried Rowan county for the Democrats.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Notice is given in a Republican paper that application will be made to the General Assembly to change the city charter. Republicans desire to gerrymander the wards.

It is asserted that Republicans are delaying the lease of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad until Russell takes office, so that the road can be placed under Republican management.

There is talk of the Methodist Conference, which meets at Kinston, establishing a paper for the East.

It is generally understood that the new administration will take the oath of office Wednesday, January 18th, the day after the returns are canvassed by the Legislature.

## AT KENANSVILLE.

Marriage of Miss Winnie Davis Bowden and Mr. Jos. C. Shepard, Jr.

[*Special to the Star.*]

KENANSVILLE, N. C., Nov. 25.

"Happy is the bride the sun shines on." And it was such a glorious day. Not warmer than the many hearts that beat in unison for the fair young girl that was married to-day. At an early hour we were all on the *qui vive*, from old mammy "Jinsey," of days ante bellum, who came to do the last "good turn" for her young mistress, to the young mistress herself, who felt that her quiet old home was so dear.

A beautiful and delicious luncheon was served soon after the bridegroom came for his bride, at 12 35 p. m., after which relatives and friends, who are legion, assembled at the Presbyterian church, which had been exquisitely decorated with evergreens, chrysanthemums and ribbons by Misses Annie Kenan and Carrie Archer, who also presided at the organ. Accompanied on the violin by Mr. Lee, Miss Archer sweetly sang "I Love Thee," and played the wedding march, when immediately the four ushers—Dr. E. W. Ward and Messrs. Robert Bowden and Lon Grady, of Kenansville, and H. L. Fentress, of Wilmington, N. C.—preceded the bridal party.

First came the groom, Mr. Jos. C. Shepard, Jr., of Wilmington, N. C., with his best man, Mr. D. Davis Hankins, also of Wilmington, N. C. Then the Maid of Honor, Miss Henrietta Shepard, sister of the groom, followed by little Miss Eila Cooper and Master James Middleton, who strewed flowers before the bride, Miss Winnie Davis Bowden, who came last, leaning on the arm of her brother, Mr. James J. Bowden, who gave her away.

The ceremony was performed very impressively by the Rev. Peter McIntyre.

The bride wore a tailor-made French gown of blue boude cloth trimmed in braid, satin and exquisite lace; a hat of blue silk beaver velvet and red roses. The bride and groom, accompanied by Dr. J. C. Shepard, the Misses Shepard, Miss Bessie Hankins, Messrs. L. Tate Bowden and D. Davis Hankins, all of Wilmington, and Mr. M. D. Clarke, of Manchester, N. C., a cousin of the bride, returned to Wilmington on the 4.15 train, where the bride will be at home to her friends at the residence of Dr. J. C. Shepard, South Fourth street.

BON AMI.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

L'Agile Cotillion Club.

L'Agile Cotillion Club will give their November german to-night. The Governing Board is as follows: Messrs. E. Keith Calder, chairman; Thomas H. Wright, vice president; J. V. B. Metts secretary and treasurer; R. G. Rankin, Chas. R. Lewis, Clayton Giles, Jr., H. B. Peschau. Mr. Warren S. Johnson is leader.

Closed to-day—but to-morrow is C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s Bargain Day. †

Greatest Bargain of all Friday, at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s. †

## THE MORNING STAR.

The elections are over, but there will be many events of great interest during the coming twelve months.

Congress meets the first Monday in December. The North Carolina Legislature assembles early in January. It will elect a United States Senator, and there will be a great struggle between the friends of silver and the friends of gold.

Governor-elect Russell will be inaugurated, and everybody will be anxious to know what will be his policy.

There are many other questions of great public interest to be discussed and settled, and those who wish to keep abreast of the times must have a daily newspaper.

From all over the State THE MORNING STAR has received praise and congratulations for the consistent and determined fight it made for Bimetallism and true Democracy in the recent campaign. More than this, the increase in its circulation during the past few months has never, we feel sure, been equalled in the history of North Carolina daily newspapers.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

## OPERA HOUSE.

Three Act Comedy "Turned Up" Presented by the Emmett Corrigan Company—Matinee and Evening Performance To-Day.

The three act comedy "Turned Up" was presented by the Emmett Corrigan Co. at the Opera House last night, and proved the most successful of the company's engagement. Mr. Corrigan appeared to advantage in the role of *Carraway Bones*, the undertaker; also the rest of the cast. The fun was of the "side-splitting" kind, and the audience showed its appreciation by frequent applause. The specialties of Mr. Corrigan and Miss Dana received an encore. Mr. Thomas' singing still continues to please. The University Eleven, who were in attendance, gave their college yell.

A special Thanksgiving matinee will be given this afternoon at 3 p. m., "Turned Up" being the bill.

To-night the company will present "The Mountebank," one of Frederick Warde's pieces. Prices as usual.

## MARRIED.

FRENCH—TAYLOR.—In Bangor, Maine, Nov. 18th, by Rev. Henry L. Griffin, Mr. WILLIAM H. FRENCH, of Rocky Point, N. C., to Miss LAURA C. TAYLOR, of Bangor, Maine.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. JOHN'S HALL, Nov. 26, 1896.

**Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M.**

EMERGENT COMMUNICATION FRIDAY evening, 27th inst., at 7.30 p. m., for work in E. A. and F. C. degrees.

Visiting brethren cordially invited.

By order of W. M.

nov 26 1t THOS. F. BAGLEY, Secretary.

**Foot Ball**

TO-DAY AT HILTON PARK, WILMINGTON vs. University Reserves

Admission 25 cents. Grand Stand 15 cents. No extra charge for vehicles.

Game called at 3 o'clock sharp. nov 26 1t

**Finest of the Season.**

A CAR LOAD OF APPLES, CABBAGE AND Irish Potatoes direct from Rochester, N. Y. For sale from the car on Dock street, between Water and Front, by

nov 26 1t W. P. OLDHAM.

**Thanksgiving Day Schedule on SEACOAST RAILROAD**

LEAVE WILMINGTON 10 a. m., 3.20 p. m. and 6 30 p. m.

Leave Hammocks 12 M. and 8 p. m. nov 25 3t

**OPERA HOUSE,**

**Emmett Corrigan Co.**

TO-NIGHT

**THE MOUNTEBANK.**

Special Matinee this afternoon at 3.00 P. M.,

**Turned Up.**

Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents.

nov 26 1t

**SHOES**

are conspicuous necessities. If they are nice and fit well they are conspicuous, and if they are unshapely and ill-fitting they are equally conspicuous. We pause to remark that the most conspicuous articles in our store are SHOES.

We cordially invite a call for anything you need in our line.

Respectfully,

**Mercer & Evans,**

nov 26 tf 115 Princess St.

**VISIT THE STORE OF**

**C. W. Polvogt & Co.,**

**No. 9 North Front St.**

DURING THIS WEEK AND SEE THE NEW GOODS THEY HAVE OPENED, CONSISTING OF

**Stylish Dress Goods, Trimmings, Carpets, Rugs,**

**LADIES' JACKETS AND CAPES,**

**Blankets and Comforters.**

The largest Carpet and Window Shade Department in the State.
Special attention paid to making and laying Carpets.
The Best $1.00 Kid Glove in the city. Every pair warranted.

**Friday, Our Bargain Day.**

**C. W. Polvogt & Co.,**

Sole Agents for Butterick's Patterns and W. B. Corsets.
Samples sent on application. nov 8 tf

**Time Proves All Things.**

Push, pluck and energy wins. We have not been in the mercantile business for the past eight years for nothing; we have made quite a snug little sum, and we lay our success to the fact that we have treated all alike, done business on the square, sold our goods at a fair and honest profit, and carrying these methods in our daily business we have built up a large and splendid cash trade. We claim to do the leading retail business in the city; paying cash for the goods we buy and selling them for the same. The holiday season is now drawing near, and we are specially anxious to move a big portion of our stock before it passes. We have a lovely line of Dolls of all grades and small Toys of all kinds that we have in our windows, a sample of which we would be glad to show. Our line of Notions is a very interesting stock in our store.

CORSETS branded "Our Best" at 38c each. A fine French woven Corset at 39c. The Vigilant, the best made long waisted Corset made for 50c. The R. & R. Corset at 75c and $1.00. Dr. Warner's choice brand, Sunrise, at 75c. Dr. Warner's rust-proof Corset at $1.00. Dr. Warner's Coraline Corset, finely trimmed, at $1.25. Dr. Warner's Eclipse Nursing Corset at $1.00. Misses' Corsets at 50c. We have other brands. The Standard F. P. Corset at $1.00.

STATIONERY—Do you want 100 sheets of fine white Writing Paper for 10c; fine No. 5 Envelopes for 20c; a nice Box Paper at 5c; 1 gross Lead Pencils for 35c, or 3c a dozen?

TRUNKS—A nice zinc covered Trunk, 26 inches, at $1.45; 28 inches, at $1.75; 30 inches, at $2.00; large Saratoga finish zinc covered, heavy brass, clamp lock, 30 inches, at $2.75; 33 inches, at $3.00; 34 inches, at $3.25; 36 inches, at $3 50. Valises all styles. Telescopes all sizes—14-inch leather bound, canvas covered, at 50c; larger up to 24 inches at $1 25 each; Grips of all kinds.

SHOES, SHOES—We have about 6,000 pairs, all sizes. Men's, Women's Children's Shoes from 90c to $3.00. Ladies' Shoes, all solid, at 75c and $1.00; very fine genuine Dongola at $1.25. Men's solid Shoes, Lace and Congress, at $1.00; better Spanish Calf Shoes at $1.75. Boots, long legs, well made, solid, at $1 40 a pair.

Men's, Women's and Children's Underwear.

If you are thinking about buying Clothing, Underwear, Hats or Shoes come to the One Price Cash Store of the City by the Sea.

**Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.,**

nov 20 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

**These Stoves Have Cast Iron Top and Base.**

We will guarantee them to outlast two of the old-style sheet iron tops and base. They are handsome and cheap. Just examine them—we have no further comments.

**Wm. E. Springer & Co.,**

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. nov 20 tf

**A TREMENDOUS STOCK TO SELECT FROM.**

**Domestics.**

Splendid Unbleaching 5c yard.
Yard wide Unbleaching 4c yard.
Heavy for Hot Beds 5c yard.
Turkey Red Table Cloth 30c yard.
72c grade 45c yard.
10-4 Unbleached Sheeting 15c yard.
Bleached Pillow Casing 10c yard.
Splendid values in Towels, 5, 10, 15 and 18c.
Heavy Canton Flannel 5 and 8c.
Pants Cloth 8, 10, 15 to 50c yard.
Splendid Toweling 5, 6 and 10c.
Mattress Ticking at 5 and 8c.
Feather Ticking 10 and 15c.
Ramnants 10 and 12½c; Sheeting 7½c.
Medicated Red and White Flannel 20c.
Checked Homespun 3, 4 and 5c.

**Dress Goods.**

Beautiful Plaids 5c yard.
40c All-Wool French Serge 20c.
Navy and Blue Serge 18, 20 and 25c.
Tie Crepon cloth 40c.
58 inch All-Wool Flannels 45c.
New line 40c Dress Goods 25c.
15c quality Flannelette 10c.
Apron and Dress Ginghams 5c.
Splendid Flannelet 8c.
All-Wool Shepherd Plaids 25c.
46 inch Silk and Wool Dress Goods 38c.
Plushes and Velvet 25c yard.
Latest styles of Dress Trimmings.
27 inch Cravenette Silks 50c.
Plain China Silks 25c.
Fast Colors Cali cos 5c.
Beautiful line of Draperies 12½c.

Cut Prices in Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Window Shades, Notions, &c. Crayon Portraits free when purchases amount to $10, or Framed Water Colored Pictures with $20 and $30 purchases. Ask for Punch Card. Phone 118.

**J. H. Rehder & Co.,**

Near Fourth Street Bridge. Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. Write for samples of Dress Goods. nov 8 tf

**$400,000 TO LOAN**

AT MINIMUM RATES BY THE

**ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,**

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

on approved security. No customer put off for a day if his security is good. Accounts solicited. Unsurpassed facilities in every department of banking. No interest paid on deposits.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. H. COKER, Jr., Assistant Cashier
W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

oct 18 tf

**Nuts and Canned Goods.**

**Cocoanuts, Mixed Nuts,**

CANNED PEACHES,

Tomatoes, Corn, Peas, Grapes, Okra and Tomatoes, Beans, Oysters, Beef, &c.

**Staple and Fancy Groceries,**

Provisions, Bagging and Ties.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

oct 29 DAW tf

**Combination Bicycle FOR SALE.**

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at

ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

**For Rent,**

THE STORE No. 108 NORTH Water street, now occupied by J. L. Cowan & Co. Apply to

E. G. PARSLEY, Real Estate Agent.

18

# The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 26


### A LOPSIDED SYSTEM.

During the past campaign some of the gold standard organs affected surprise that the sentiment for free silver should have taken such a strong hold on the South and the West. They were not really as much surprised as they seemed to be, for they understood the situation too well not to know why the South and the West demanded more money and favored the free and unlimited coinage of silver as, in their opinion, the speediest and most effective way to bring this about. If money was as abundant in the South and in the West as it is in the East, free silver would never have become a subject of agitation, because there would have been no cause for it. The fact is that these two sections are really dependent upon the East for the money they need in emergencies, while the ordinary money supply through the medium of the banks they have is totally inadequate to the demands of business, and consequently business is cramped and enterprise strangled.

This condition was practically recognized while the silver agitation was going on and was taken advantage of by the Eastern moneylenders when they called in their loans, and refused to advance money in those States which were aggressive in the demand for free silver, and they justified the boycotting course on business principles. Of course as business men they had a right to lend their money or not lend it as they saw fit, and to lend it where they saw fit, but the fact that their refusal to lend could create a money famine in the States that they refused to do business in shows how one sided our monetary system is, and how utterly dependent one section is upon another. All the time that this famine creating process was going on money was being hoarded in the Eastern banks, there was a gorge of it, more than they could find use for in that section and it went begging at rates of interest that would be regarded as ridiculously low in other sections, and rates which are never touched in those sections. Low rates of interest are common enough to be the rule in the East; high rates are the rule in the South and West, especially in the South.

There may be State laws regulating the rate of interest, but these laws are little regarded by either the lender or the borrower, both of whom look upon money as a commodity, the value of which is governed by the demand for it and the supply to meet the demand. Abundance makes low interest rates without reference to usury laws, and scarcity makes high rates regardless of such laws.

The rates for money borrowed in the South are high, compared with the rates in the East, but these bear no comparison to the interest charges paid by the farmers, who make their crops on credit or by advances from the merchants with whom they deal. The majority of those who do that pay from 20 to 30 per cent., and the debts thus contracted must come first out of the crop, whether the selling price be high or low. If the farmer who needed money to plant and cultivate his crop could borrow the money at ordinary rates of interest and thus pay cash for the supplies and other things he had to buy he could save money and be much better off at the end of the year than the end of the year generally finds him, but he can't do that because the money isn't here to lend and he, with the security he has to offer, couldn't get it out of the banks if it was. This is one of the reasons, aside from low prices, why the Southern farmers as a rule have been pressed to the wall as they have been, and why so many of them find it a difficult task to keep themselves out of the hands of the sheriff.

North Carolina is a fairly prosperous State compared with other Southern States and yet her farmers are pressed to raise the money to pay their taxes, and taxes are not high in this State, nor property valuations high. To prevent entailing distress sheriffs exercise a leniency that embarrasses the State, which finds it difficult without resorting to rigid measures to secure the money it needs to meet its obligations. This is doubtless the case also in other Southern States, while we know that in some sections of the the West it is worse, and that it has been practically impossible to collect debts even by legal process.

This is not the fault of the people, for they did not create the conditions from which they are suffering, nor is it the fault of low prices altogether. It is in the main caused by the scarcity of money and the inadequacy of the methods of supplying and distributing the money, the lopsided system which draws the money from one section to another, creating a famine in one and a plethora in the other. This is the condition resulting from the present monetary system, a bank system practically controlled and monopolized by a few wealthy men who, of course, look after their own interests and after the interest of the people or of the Government only in so far as their interests and the interests of these bank controllers may not conflict.

There never was anything of this kind during the days of State banks, before the U. S. Government went into the banking business, for these banks were identified with the sections in which they were located, and there was not and could not be any general combination to control the volume in circulation. The banks of one State were independent of the banks of another; the notes they issued were mainly for home circulation, and remained at home. If they went away they came back, and thus famines in one State and plethoras in another were avoided.

These conditions are attracting attention now, enough possibly to demonstrate the necessity of some change in our monetary system to provide for a more equable distribution of money throughout the country.

### MINOR MENTION.

Some of the Northern papers are making much ado over the comparative illiteracy in the States which voted for Bryan and those which voted for McKinley. To sustain their allegation that it was the illiterate vote that supported Bryan, they produce the following table from the census reports of 1890:

| FOR M'KINLEY. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| California | 7.7 | N. Hampshire | 6.8 |
| Connecticut | 5.3 | New Jersey | 6.5 |
| Delaware | 14.3 | New York | 5.5 |
| Illinois | 5.2 | North Dakota | 6.0 |
| Iowa | 3.6 | Ohio | 5.2 |
| Indiana | 6.3 | Oregon | 4.1 |
| Kentucky | 21.6 | Pennsylvania | 6.8 |
| Maine | 5.5 | Rhode Island | 9.8 |
| Maryland | 15.7 | Vermont | 6.7 |
| Massachusetts | 6.2 | West Virginia | 14.4 |
| Michigan | 5.9 | Wisconsin | 6.7 |
| Minnesota | 6.0 | | |
| Total | | | 181.8 |
| Average | | | 7.90 |

| FOR BRYAN. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alabama | 41.1 | Nevada | 13.8 |
| Arkansas | 26.6 | N. Carolina | 35.7 |
| Colorado | 5.2 | S. Carolina | 45.0 |
| Florida | 27.8 | South Dakota | 4.9 |
| Georgia | 39.8 | Tennessee | 26.6 |
| Idaho | 5.1 | Texas | 19.7 |
| Kansas | 4.0 | Utah | 5.6 |
| Louisiana | 45.8 | Virginia | 30.2 |
| Mississippi | 40.0 | Washington | 4.3 |
| Missouri | 9.1 | Wyoming | 5.4 |
| Montana | 5.5 | | |
| Nebraska | 9.1 | | |
| Total | | | 440.6 |
| Average | | | 20.03 |

Commenting upon this the Washington *Post*, a gold standard paper, says:

"We do not think it unfair to assume that the newspapers which institute this comparison know that the great mass of the illiterates in the Bryan States did not vote for Bryan. The *Evening Sun* and the *Mail and Express* cannot be unaware of the fact that most of the illiterates in those States are Republicans. So far as they voted at all they cast their ballots for McKinley and sound money. It is not their fault that they cannot read and write. They are the freed men or the sons of freed men. In Maryland, Kentucky and West Virginia the votes of the black illiterates assured those States for McKinley. In States farther South the colored man cast the bulk of the Republican vote. It seems strange, in view of these facts, that intelligent newspapers will try to convince the ill-informed and credulous that illiteracy is a characteristic of the Bryan vote. For our part, we are glad to record to the credit of both the colored illiterates and the foreign element that they voted against free coinage."

As a matter of fact, leaving out of consideration the assistance rendered by the so-called "sound money" Democrats, McKinley owes his election to the negro votes and to the votes of the foreign-born citizens of the North and the West. It was conceded during the campaign by the McKinley managers that their hopes of carrying several of the Western States depended on the foreign element, and they got it. But the fact that there is such a difference between the illiteracy in the South and the West and the East, is one of the strongest arguments against the monetary system which controls the money in one section, and makes it abundant there while other sections suffer for it. The public schools are supported by taxation, and while it is not to be expected that comparatively sparsely settled States can have as good school systems as those more densely populated, it is still a severe tax on the Southern and sparsely settled States to support the schools they have, because the burden of supporting them rests upon so few. The best that most of them can do is to keep the schools open a few months in the year, and then they have to employ teachers who receive compensation very little above that of the ordinary laborer. Make money more abundant in those sections and there will be more and better schools and less illiteracy. At all events this twitting comes with poor grace from the sections whose greed monopolizes the money of the country.

* *

One of the most gratifying indications of commercial progress in the South is the marked increase in the amount of exports from Southern ports within the past year. The following table gives the exports of corn for the past ten months, as compared with the corresponding period of last year:

| | Ten months of 1896. Bushels. | Ten months of 1895. Bushels. |
|---|---|---|
| Baltimore | 19 915,831 | 6,083,274 |
| Boston | 4,794,113 | 4,501,313 |
| Newport News | 7 694,789 | 3,907,668 |
| New York | 15,468 130 | 15,748,732 |
| Norfolk | 10,851,983 | 3,979,954 |
| Philadelphia | 6,609,979 | 3,161,894 |
| Galveston | 4,733,840 | 84,383 |
| New Orleans | 20,305,648 | 8,975,716 |
| San Francisco | 43,634 | 65,809 |
| Puget Sound | 9 988 | 9,663 |
| Other ports | 11,013,816 | 4,898,900 |
| Total | 100,999,111 | 49 110,115 |

While some of the Northern ports made some increase, it is so small as to scarcely attract attention. There was a falling off at New York but all the Southern ports show a marked increase, the result of improved harbor entrances and elevator facilities. The bulk of the corn that now goes abroad goes by way of our Gulf ports, and there is no reason to suppose that this business will not continue to grow, as the cost of transportation from the grain fields of the West to the Southern seaboard is much less than to the Eastern seaboard, and will continue to lessen as the facilities for transportation increase and improve. Lines from South to West are being made more effective for competition by the construction of connecting links, shortening distance, &c., and by adding to the capacity at terminal points to handle large amounts of freight cheaply and expeditiously, very much different from what it was a few years ago when most of the roads were cramped for room and elevators were few and far between. Of course this increase in exports benefits not only the ports, the owners of ships and railroads, but the whole South more or less, and therefore it is a cause for general congratulation.

* *

During the late Presidential campaign the anti-Bryan papers informed the world that this country abounded in anarchists, and so characterized the supporters of the Chicago platform. The election showed that there were about six millions of this kind of people in this country, but the gold organs seem to have underestimated the number, for here comes the esteemed London *Mail*, one of the co-laborers on the other side of the water, for the gold standard, which boldly declares that we are all anarchists, and thus deliberately puts itself on record:

"Every American is at heart an anarchist. He hates constraint, he hates regulation, he hates law. The most elementary arrangements of an ordered community, as we should think, are to him irksome and intolerable encroachments on his liberty."

Some of the more zealous and aggressive champions of free silver in the past campaign, in retorting on the charge of anarchy in the Bryan ranks, did sometimes declare that the real anarchists in this country were the big fellows who controlled the money of the country and destroyed law or made law to suit themselves. Perhaps our English scribe formed his opinions from the utterances of the gentlemen on this side who in the frenzy of campaigning were not over-particular about the opinions they expressed of each other. It must be painful, however, to the gentlemen who look upon England as the model school of finances, and have been doing their level best to please their masters, to see that they are thus bunched in and put down as anarchists by an esteemed British organ.

### SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: Mr. Erastus Edwards has a tomato vine in his garden that has grown to the enormous height of twelve feet and has now an abundance of green and ripe tomatoes on it.

— Raleigh *Press Visitor*: A meteor fell in the yard of Mr. N. W. West a few days ago—a genuine article and weighed about three pounds. One of his little boys picked it up and dropped it with a howl.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Mrs. Hollifield, of Rutherford county, is said to be the oldest person in this country. She is 115 years old, and, until two years ago, when crippled by a fall, was quite active. Her age is well authenticated.

— Lenoir *Topic*: Two United States prisoners escaped from jail here about 2 o'clock Sunday night. One of them was a man by the name of Clark, from Burke county, and the other was a man by the name of Summerlin, from Wilkes county. Summerlin had only twenty-eight more days to serve and Clark not much longer. They cut a hole out through the wall in the back of the fire-place, and swung down by means of a rope.

— Jacksonville *Times*: Mr. Leonard Morton is one of Onslow's farmers who doesn't loose any sleep in attempting to solve the financial puzzle, or rack his brain in a vain effort to frame a tariff measure. Mr. Morton is 67 years of age, and is a firm believer in the theory that a farmer should produce everything he eats and wears, and up to this date has never purchased a suit of clothes; all the cloth his family uses is manufactured at home from the wool and cotton produced on his farm. Mr. Morton never purchased meat but once, and then only thirty pounds. That his plan is a good one is demonstrated by the fact that he doesn't owe a dollar and never has the nightmare worrying over hard times.

### CURRENT COMMENT.

— If free silver is dead, what objection can the gold men have to Mr. Bryan sitting up with the corpse? —*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

— A Cincinnati jury, which was without the least regard for the credit of the nation and the stability of our currency, has rendered a verdict against Mr. Breckinridge, one of the shining lights of the national preserving corps. The time has arrived to check this anarchistic spirit on the part of the American jurors. —*New York Journal, Dem.*

— The Republicans carried Cleveland, Ohio, the home of Mark Hanna, by 10,000 majority in 1895. This year, when sound money swept all the principal cities of the country, when even the Democratic strongholds gave McKinley huge majorities. Mr. Hanna's home city went for McKinley by only 3,500, a reduction of 6,500 from the Republican majority in an off year. This is an important fact which Mr. Hanna omits from his detailed accounts of how he and he alone compelled the country to save itself from dishonor. It would seem that where Mr. Hanna was best known the sound money campaign was most hampered by his plutocratic affiliations.—*New York World, Dem.*

### TWINKLINGS.

— "My dear, if you want to secure a small waist, why do you eat so much?" "Well, if I didn't eat I wouldn't have the strength to place myself into shape." —*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— "What you need is a warmer climate, Mr. Grumpey," said the doctor in a most persuasive tone. "I guess you'll get me there all right enough," was the ungracious response. —*Detroit Free Press.*

— "I can't make these matches strike," said Bloobumper after two or three ineffectual efforts "That's because you are not a walking delegate," explained Mrs. Bloobumper. —*Harlem Life.*

— Lawyer (investigating client's story)—Now you must keep nothing from me. Client—I haven't. I paid you every cent I had in the world for your retainer. —*TitBits.*

— Misreported—"I hear, sir, that you called me fat-headed." "Dear me, how one's remarks do get misrepresented! To I said anything of the sort at all, I must have said that you were broad-minded."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "Jibbs and the rest of the boys didn't want to swear off poker entirely, but they'd been playing a good deal lately, and to get a rest they went into camp last week, twenty miles back in the woods from Bogville, so they would't see a card for a month." "Yes, I saw Jibbs in Bogville yesterday." "What? Has he quit the camp?" "No. Came in after a poker deck."


Neuralgia is the prayer of the nerves for pure blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One True Blood Purifier and nerve-builder. †


#### The Well to Do Choctaw.

"There are few sections in the world that can say no pauper is a member of it," said G. R. Jackson, national secretary of the Choctaw Nation, "but I have the honor to represent just such a people. There are no poor Choctaws. Every man has land, and, if he has not money, he at least has the United States government as a creditor, and those debts will be paid. Even a better scheme of paternal government than that of Bellamy, if it was adorned with modern art and refinement, can be found in that of the Choctaws. While there are no destitute, there are some criminals, most of whom are renegade whites, but it is a remarkable fact that when a Choctaw violates the law and is sentenced to death such are his honor and reverence for authority that he can be released upon his own recognizance with safety. He will return at the time appointed for execution. There are many things about the tribal government that would be valuable if properly studied and understood." Mr. Jackson, who is a full blooded Choctaw, is a graduate of Roanoke college and represents his nation as to its important interests at Washington. He is a dignified, courteous gentleman, who stands high in Indian councils.—Washington Star.

#### A Cutlery Case.

A case made of dark cotton flannel for cutlery is excellent to absorb the moisture and prevent rust. It should be made with a separate compartment for each knife. The case for the knives in daily use may be tacked inside a pantry door, and the others may be rolled and kept in drawers.

#### IMAGINATION IN WAR.

**More Injurious to the Courage of Soldiers Than Bullets.**

"In my opinion," remarked the college professor, who rose from the ranks during the last war to the position of colonel, "the imagination of men does more injury to the cause of courage than all the appliances of war yet discovered."

"In other words," caromed a Star reporter, "if a man didn't think he wouldn't be afraid of anything?"

"That's about it," admitted the professor. "I had a remarkable case happen to me during the battles around Richmond. That is to say, it happened to another man, but I was part of it. It was on a skirmish line and I was lying behind a log with two other men—I was only a private then—one of whom was an inveterate joker and the other was one of the imaginative kind of soldiers—in fact, he was so imaginative that he was almost scared out of his wits, and when the bullets and shells began flying through the woods, cutting off saplings, clipping limbs all around us and barking the top of the log behind which we lay I thought the fellow would burst a blood vessel or go crazy or do some other fool thing unbecoming a soldier. Tom, the joker, noticed the man's terror and called my attention to it.

"Then he reached out and dragged in a stick out from the tree above us by the bullet and, fixing a pin in it, proceeded to have his fun. The man was at the far end of our log, ten feet from Tom, and I was just beyond Tom on the other side and, I am free to confess, was nervous enough to wonder at Tom's manner at such a time. However, I couldn't help watching his movements and actually laughed to see him sliding the pin pointed stick along toward the unsuspecting victim. Having got it at the right distance, he waited for a smashing volley of bullets, and just as it came he prodded the soldier in the back with the pin. Well, it was really funny to see the chap jump and yell and roll over, and we both fairly howled. But it wasn't so funny when the man did not move after his first startled action, and Tom looked around at me in a scared kind of way. His surprise found expression in an oath, and he called to the man. There was no answer, and he called again, with the same result. Then he crept over to him and gave him a shake. That brought no response either, and Tom dragged him around so he could see his face. It was ashy blue, with eyes staring wide open and the man was as dead as Julius Cæsar, with never a mark on him save, perhaps, that one pin scratch in his back."

"I should think your joking friend could never have forgiven himself for that cruel joke," suggested the writer.

"I'm sure he never would have," concluded the professor, "because Tom was a good fellow and a brave soldier, but he never had much of a chance to. When the next volley came, he was on his knees beside his dead companion, trying to do something for him, and his head was just high enough above the log for a shell to clip the whole top of it off."—Washington Star.

#### Introduced to Tom Hughes.

I have known Tom Hughes almost as long as I can remember and have had opportunities of observing him behind the scenes as well as on show. My first recollection concerning him is of being brought up to have my curls patted when I was quite a small boy. Of course he considered himself the authority on boys, and, genial as he could be in sympathetic society, he was never so genial as with a sympathetic boy.

There was a regular formal procedure which he expected all his hosts to observe. All accessible boys were to be brought up to him, one at a time, and he must be told that they had expressed great anxiety to shake the author of "Tom Brown's School Days" by the hand.

This was often a painful ordeal, for the muscles of his hand were like iron, and he had theories about the expression of honesty and geniality by the hand grip. Boys who shrank from the process were in immediate disfavor, for his ideal in a boy was "manliness," by which he really meant the antithesis, not of effeminacy, but of boyishness. I plunged into disfavor at once, because I let him see that I did not relish having my hand reduced to a jelly.—Saturday Review.

#### Formic Acid and the Mango Trick.

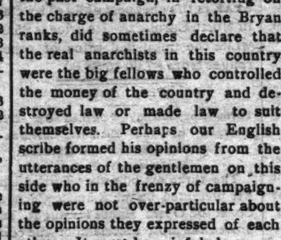
The well known "mango trick" of the Indian conjurers has hitherto hardly received any explanation which could account for the observed effects, and yet it has been impossible to discredit the many witnesses of the feat. An ingenious suggestion has been made by M. Ragonneau, who asserts that the Indians sow the seed under experiment in earth which has been taken from an ants' nest, the formic acid present causing it to germinate with extraordinary rapidity and sprout up in sight of the observer. Mr. Ragonneau states that he has reproduced this effect by sowing seeds in earth previously watered with a diluted solution of formic acid.

This result is contrasted with the observations of Moggridge, who found that in seeds stored in the granaries of the Mediterranean ants the process of germination was indefinitely delayed, but that their vitality was not destroyed, as was proved by removing and planting them in fresh earth, when they grew immediately. These two results are, to say the least, somewhat contradictory, and until we have some confirmatory evidence as to the very extraordinary forcing powers of formic acid discovered by M. Ragonneau we are afraid we must beg leave to "doubt the fact."—London Chronicle.

#### Business Is Business.

A short time since a workman employed by a wealthy firm of manufacturers in Birmingham committed suicide. On behalf of the man's widow and child the firm was asked to state what money was due to the deceased, but no satisfactory statement could be obtained, and ultimately a solicitor's letter was sent. To this the firm replied that the sum owed by them to the deceased was 1s. 10d., which they forwarded, less 1 penny for postage.—London Truth.


## Will Not Perform Miracles But It Will Cure.



DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE cures nervous prostration. Not miraculously, but scientifically, by first removing the germs of disease, and then supplying healthy nerve food, increasing the appetite, helping digestion and strengthening the entire system. Desperate cases require prolonged treatment as shown by that of Mrs. M. B. Reed, of Delta, Iowa, who writes: "As the result of a lightning stroke, the physicians said I had a light stroke of paralysis, my limbs would all draw up. I would have throbbings in my chest that seemed unendurable. For three months I could not sleep and for three weeks did not close my eyes. I prayed for sleep, and felt that if relief did not come I would be dead or insane. I took Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and the second night slept two hours and from that time on my health improved; slowly at first, but steadily and surely. I took in all 40 bottles, and I cannot express how grateful I am, for I am now perfectly well, and have taken no medicine for over four months." Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by druggists on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

**Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.....**

Book on heart and nerves free. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

*Headache stopped* in 20 minutes by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "Once cent a dose. No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS Cure All Pain. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists. Change, June 18 1y Jan 19 tf


#### Appointments for Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

November 26, Thursday, Thanksgiving. Chocowinity, Trinity.
November 27, Friday, Beaufort county, Calvary Chapel.
November 29th, Sunday, 1st in Advent, M. P., Pitt county, S. John's.
November 29, Sunday, 1st in Advent, E. P., Pitt county, S. Michael's.
December 2, Wednesday, Pitt county, Dawson's School House.
December 6, Sunday, 2d in Advent, M. P., Lenoir county, Holy Innocents.
December 6, Sunday, 2d in Advent, E. P., Kinston, S. Mary's.
December 8, Tuesday, E. P., Trenton, Grace.
December 9, Wednesday, Com., Trenton, Grace.
December 13 Sunday, 3rd in Advent, M. P., Snow Hill, S. Barnabas.
December 15, Tuesday, M. P., Farmville, Emanuel.
December 16 Wednesday, E. P., Hamilton, S. Martin's.
December 17, Thursday, Com., Hamilton, S. Martin's.
December 18, Friday, E. P., Winston, S. John's.
December 19, Saturday, Com., Winston, S. John's.
December 20, Sunday, 4th in Advent, Murfreesboro, S. Barnabas.
December 25, Christmas, Woodville, Bertie county, Grace.
December 27, Sunday after Christmas, M. P., Roxobel, S. Mark's.
M. P.—Morning Prayer.
E. P.—Evening Prayer.
Com.—Communion.
At all Morning Services the Holy Communion.
The Vestries will please be ready to meet the Bishop.
The Children will please be prepared to be catechized.
Offerings for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.


# No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

# Hood's Pills

A GOOD SITTER.

Mrs. Mahoney—"Och, if yez be going to sit all day long, go out and sit on thim eggs, the old hen has left, it's some use yiz be. You will never be any account until you smoke Lyon & Co's Pick Leaf."

LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.


— Histley—My wife is the greatest woman you ever saw for following a doctor's directions. She had a chill the other evening, and Dr. Mixum said she must have a change of climate.
Norgie—Yes?
Histley—Well, sir, she warmed up immediately.—*Boston Transcript.*

#### APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District—W. S. Rone, P. E.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, Nov. 22, 23.
Bladen circuit, Antioch, Nov. 28, 29.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, Dec. 3.
Onslow circuit, Tabernacle, Dec. 5, 6


**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

**For Over Fifty Years**

MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

**Free Pills.**

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †


## Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the Star will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| BAGGING— | | | |
| 2 lb Jute | | @ | 6 |
| Standard | | @ | 6¼ |
| WESTERN SMOKED— | | | |
| Hams ₩ lb | 12 | @ | 14 |
| Sides ₩ lb | 6 | @ | 7 |
| Shoulders ₩ lb | 6 | @ | 6¼ |
| DRY SALTED— | | | |
| Sides ₩ lb | 4½@ | @ | 4¾ |
| Shoulders ₩ lb | | @ | 4½ |
| BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine— | | | |
| Second-hand, each | 1 00 | @ | 1 10 |
| New New York, each | 1 35 | @ | 1 40 |
| New City, each | | @ | 1 40 |
| BEESWAX ₩ lb | 23 | @ | 24 |
| BRICKS— | | | |
| Wilmington ₩ M | 6 50 | @ | 7 00 |
| Northern | 9 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| BUTTER— | | | |
| North Carolina ₩ lb | 15 | @ | |
| N. thern | 23 | @ | |
| CORN MEAL— | | | |
| Per Bushel, in sacks | 40 | @ | 42½ |
| Virginia Meal | 40 | @ | 42½ |
| COTTON TIES—₩ bundle | | @ | 1 00 |
| CANDLES—₩ lb— | | | |
| Sperm | 18 | @ | 20 |
| Adamantine | 9 | @ | 10 |
| CHEESE—₩ lb— | | | |
| Northern Factory | 10 | @ | 11 |
| Dairy, Cream | 11 | @ | 12 |
| State | | @ | 10 |
| COFFEE—₩ lb— | | | |
| Laguyra | 20 | @ | |
| Rio | 10 | @ | 16 |
| DOMESTICS— | | | |
| Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard | | @ | 5¾ |
| Yarns, ₩ bunch | 18 | @ | 20 |
| EGGS—₩ dozen | 15 | @ | 18 |
| FISH— | | | |
| Mackerel, No 1, ₩ barrel | 23 00 | @ | 30 00 |
| Mackerel, No 1, ₩ half-barrel | 11 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| Mackerel, No 2, ₩ barrel | 16 00 | @ | 20 00 |
| Mackerel, No 2, ₩ half-barrel | 9 00 | @ | 9 00 |
| Mackerel, No 3, ₩ barrel | 13 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| Mullets, ₩ barrel | 3 00 | @ | 3 75 |
| Mullets, ₩ pork barrel | 5 75 | @ | 6 00 |
| N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg | 3 00 | @ | 3 25 |
| Dry Cod, ₩ lb | 5 | @ | 10 |
| " extra | 3 25 | @ | 3 50 |
| FLOUR—₩ barrel— | | | |
| Low grades | 3 25 | @ | 3 30 |
| Choice | 3 35 | @ | 3 75 |
| Straight | 4 75 | @ | 4 85 |
| Fine Patent | 4 45 | @ | 5 25 |
| GLUE—₩ lb | 7@8 | @ | 8½ |
| GRAIN—₩ bushel— | | | |
| Corn, from store, bags—White | | @ | 1 03 |
| Corn, cargo, in bulk—White | | @ | 60 |
| Corn, cargo, in bags—White | | @ | 60 |
| Oats, from a store | 30 | @ | 32½ |
| Oats, Rust Proof | 40 | @ | 45 |
| Cow Peas | 65 | @ | 80 |
| HIDES, ₩ lb— | | | |
| Green | | @ | 6 |
| Dry | | @ | 8 |
| HAY, ₩ 100 lbs— | | | |
| Eastern | | @ | 1 05 |
| Western | | @ | 90 |
| North River | | @ | 85 |
| HOOP IRON, ₩ lb | 3 | @ | 3½ |
| LARD, ₩ lb— | | | |
| Northern | 5½@ | @ | 6½ |
| North Carolina | 4 | @ | 10 |
| LIME, ₩ barrel | | @ | 1 85 |
| LUMBER (city sawed), ₩ M feet— | | | |
| Ship Stuff, resawed | 18 00 | @ | 20 00 |
| Rough Edge Plank | 15 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| West India cargoes, according to quality | 13 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| Dressed Flooring, seasoned | 18 00 | @ | 22 00 |
| Scantling and Board, common | 14 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| MOLASSES, ₩ gallon— | | | |
| New Cuba, in hhds | | @ | 22 |
| " in bbls | | @ | 25 |
| Porto Rico, in hhds | 25 | @ | 28 |
| " in bbls | | @ | 30 |
| Sugar-House, in hhds | 19 | @ | 24 |
| " in bbls | 14 | @ | 18 |
| Syrup, in bbls | 18 | @ | |
| NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut 50d basis | 3 25 | @ | 3 50 |
| PORK, ₩ barrel— | | | |
| City Mess | 8 50 | @ | 9 00 |
| Rump | | @ | 8 00 |
| Prime | | @ | 8 00 |
| ROPE, ₩ lb | 10 | @ | 11 |
| SALT, ₩ sack Alum | | @ | 75 |
| Liverpool | | @ | 85 |
| Lisbon | | @ | |
| Ashton | | @ | |
| On 100 lb Sacks | 45 | @ | 60 |
| SHINGLES, 5-inch, ₩ M | 1 00 | @ | 2 50 |
| Common | 1 50 | @ | 2 00 |
| Cypress | 3 00 | @ | 4 00 |
| SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granu'd | | @ | 5¾ |
| Standard A | | @ | 5¾ |
| White Ex. C | | @ | 5¼ |
| Ex. C. Golden | 4 | @ | 4¾ |
| C Yellow | | @ | 4¼ |
| SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern | 8@9 | @ | 10 |
| STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. barrel | 9 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| R. O. Hogshead | | @ | 10 00 |
| TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping | | @ | 9 00 |
| Mill, Prime | | @ | 7 00 |
| Mill, Fair | 6 00 | @ | 6 50 |
| Common Mill | 5 00 | @ | 5 50 |
| Inferior to Ordinary | | @ | 4 00 |
| TALLOW, ₩ lb | 3 | @ | 3½ |
| WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern | 1 60 | @ | 1 60 |
| North Carolina | 1 60 | @ | 1 60 |

## COMMERCIAL.

### WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, November 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market closed steady with sales at 24½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 24 cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 80 per bbl for Strained and $1 55 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Quiet. Hard 1 40, Yellow Dip 2 00 and Virgin 1 90 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25½@26½c; rosin, strained, $1 30; good strained $1 35; tar $2 95; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 60.

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits Turpentine | 197 |
| Rosin | 849 |
| Tar | 221 |
| Crude Turpentine | 89 |

Receipts same day last year—126 casks spirits turpentine, 309 bbls rosin, 205 bbls tar, 24 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7c for middling. Quotations:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 4½ | cts ₩ lb |
| Good Ordinary | 6 | " " |
| Low Middling | 6⅝ | " " |
| Middling | 7 | " " |
| Good Middling | 7 5-16 | " " |

Same day last year, middling 8½c.

Receipts—1,483 bales; same day last year, 1,895.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 11½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1 60 to 2 25; six inch, $2 50 to 3 50; seven inch, $3 50 to 6 50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

### DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 25—Evening.—Money on call to-day was easy at 2@2½ per cent; last loan at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@4¾ per cent. Sterling exchange was firm, with actual business in bankers bills 483@483½ sixty days and 486½@486¾ for demand. Commercial bills 481½@483½. Government bonds higher; United States coupon fours 110¼; United States twos 95½; State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 99; North Carolina sixes 119. Railroad bonds dull.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was steady.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 25—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 7¾c; middling 7¾c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; November 7 47, December 7 47, January 7 55, February 7 63, March 7 69, April 7 74, May 7 79, June 7 82, July 7 85, August 7 88. Sales 213,600 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 1,507 bales; gross 11,788 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded 3,507 bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners — bales; stock 238,428 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 43,810 bales; exports to Great Britain 30,374 bales; to France 13,250 bales; to the Continent 5,160 bales; stock 1,130,614 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 238,716 bales; exports to Great Britain 104,265 bales; to France 35,295 bales; to the Continent 51,033 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 3 437,184 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,215,643 bales; exports to France 271,580 bales; exports to the Continent 713,275 bales.

Flour—market was steady and quiet; winter wheat, low grades $2 20@3 85; fair to fancy $3 25@4 60; do patents $4 50@5 00; Minnesota clear $3 40@4 15; patents $3 85@5 05; low extra $2 20@3 90; Southern flour was quiet at quotations; common to fair extra $3 85@3 45; good to choice $3 45@3 60. Wheat—spot dull and firmer, with options; No. 2 red f. o. b. 90½c; ungraded red 87@89c; options were active and irregular, opening firm and advancing 1¾@1⅝c declined 1¼@1½c and closed firm at ⅝@1¼c over yesterday; No. 2 red November 89½c; December 89½c; January —c; May 88⅝c. Corn—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 30c at elevator and 31c afloat; options dull and firm; November 29¾c; December 30c; January —c; May 33¼@⅜c. Oats—spot dull and firmer; options dull and unchanged to ⅛c up; December 24c; February 26¼c; May 26¾c; spot—No. 2, 23¾c; No. 2 white 26c; mixed Western 23@24c. Lard quiet; Western steam $4 20@4 25; city $3 75, December $4 17, nominal; refined dull; Continent $4 50; South America $4 90; compound $4 50@4 75. Pork quiet and steady; new mess $8 00@8 50. Butter—fancy firm; State dairy 11@12c; do. creamery 13½@21c; Western dairy 6@13c; Elgins 23@23½c. Eggs a shade easier; State and Pennsylvania 28@29c; ice house 16½@18c; Western fresh 23@24c; do. per case $3 

# Castoria

For Infants and Children.

**Castoria promotes Digestion,** and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural.** Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D.,
111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D.,
125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D.,
New York City.



## What is Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C.A.S.T.O.R.I.A

CASTORIA



FASHIONS CHANGE BUT

POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

feb 18 1y

Save Paying Doctors' Bills

B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 40 years, and cures quickly and permanently

SCROFULA, RHEUMATISM, CATARRH, ULCERS, ERUPTIONS, ECZEMA, and all manner of RAVING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. It is by far the best tonic and blood purifier ever offered to the world. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5. For sale by druggists.

SENT FREE WONDERFUL CURES. BOOK OF BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

feb 18 1y — For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, in these



## Are You Afraid?

TO READ BOTH SIDES OF THE QUESTION?

The New York Journal is the only Metropolitan paper indorsing

Bryan and Sewall

and it daily publishes articles by the leading financiers of the country on both sides of the question,

"Silver versus Gold."

It is progressive, liberal and always espouses the cause of the masses. Every broad minded man should read it, whether Republican or Democrat.

THE NEW YORK JOURNAL.

Daily - - - - - 1 Cent everywhere.
Subscription for One Month, including Sunday - - - - 40 cents
Two Months and a Half - - $1.00

Send subscription to

The New York Journal,
Circulation Department, NEW YORK.

p d tf


# The Morning Star.

## KATY'S QUESTION.

"Way down in the buttercup meadow
I saw a white baa sheep today.
And close by her side, in the clover,
A dear little lamb was at play.
Does the sheep mamma love her white lammie,
Just as you love me? Say, mamma, say?"
"Yes, Katie, yes,
So I guess."

"In the orchard, up in the old pear tree,
There are four little birds in a nest;
Willie says they belong to the robin
That has a red bib on her breast.
In all the great, wide world of birdies,
Does she love her own birdies the best?"
"Yes, Katie, yes,
So I guess."

"The last time I played in the garden
There was just one red rose to be seen,
But today there's a tiny pink rosebud
Wrapped up in a blanket of green.
Does the rose want to kiss baby Rosebud
When she tries so far over to lean?"
"Yes, baby, yes,
So I guess."

"Last night I peeped out at the window
Just before I repeated my prayer,
And the moon, with a star close behind her,
Was walking high up in the air.
Did God make the little star baby
'Cause the moon was so lonely up there?"
"Yes, darling, yes,
So I guess."
—The Church Standard.

## WAS JUST IN TIME.

Helen Stuart was engaged to be married to Lord Hughes, and the whole county talked of the coming event as one of the strangest that had taken place for many a day.

That the beautiful gifted girl of barely 20 should have accepted the hand of the old earl was indeed a matter of surprise. Why had she chosen him, people asked, when others of equal rank and younger and more suitable had gone mad for love of her?

At night, when all the inquisitive world was asleep, Helen would lean from her window and gaze at the starlit valley at her feet and pour out her heart to the silence.

"I could not help it," she would wail. "It was to save poor Ralph's honor."

Yes, that was it. Her brother had told her that unless she married Lord Hughes, to whom he had mortgaged his property, they must be ruined, turned out of house and home and left penniless—worse, imprisonment would follow for Ralph, for that was the old earl's alternative if she refused.

Three summers ago there had come to the village a young journalist, and Helen and her brother had made his acquaintance, which grew quickly into intimacy and friendship.

Totally opposite to Ralph Stuart in every way was Holmes Maclean. Born of poor parents, who had left him at an early age to struggle alone, he had educated himself entirely and gained the post he held on one of the best papers simply by his brains and hard work.

It was on the night of his arrival that he saw Helen Stuart and knew from henceforth she must be the guiding star of his life.

"Would you—would you let me walk through this field with you? There is a bull over there, and I am so afraid."

"Certainly. Allow me to be of any service I can," he answered gravely, inwardly blessing the bull.

The next day brought an invitation to the Manor Hall.

So it was that through that month of glorious summer weather he daily met and daily grew to love with all his strength the beautiful Helen, who was not long in returning his affection.

"Helen," he whispered when the parting came, "I have no position to offer you yet, but will you wait for me?"

That all happened three summers ago, and now she stood gazing into the night, the promised wife of old Lord Hughes.

She had not heard one word from Holmes Maclean in all this time, but she had often read with pride and admiration his clever articles and stories and knew he was working hard to make a home for her.

The autumn came, and the old earl began to agitate that the wedding should take place before Christmas.

"Is there—is there no other way?" once more she cried, glancing into her brother's cruel face with blanched cheeks.

"How many more times must I tell you it is my only chance? Perhaps you would like to see me imprisoned?"

She stopped him with a quick, sharp cry.

"Tell him it shall be when he likes."

Two Sundays passed, and the third came for the bans to be read for the last time.

"If any one know cause or just impediment why these two persons should not be joined together in"—

A commotion at the back of the church stopped the clergyman. A man was standing up in the congregation with hand upraised, and then a deep voice rose above the murmur of frightened voices:

"I forbid the banns!"

A scene followed such as had never been witnessed before. Helen from her pew recognized the voice, though she did not see the strong, stern face of her lover, and with a cry she fainted.

When she returned to consciousness, Holmes Maclean was kneeling by her side. She was lying in the vestry, and anxious faces were peering round the door.

"What does this mean?" she murmured.

"Have you come to save me?"

"I have told them you were going to be sold to that man."

"Then you have not doubted me?" she breathed.

He carried her through the astonished crowd to her carriage and took her home. And on the way, as she gathered strength, she stretched out her hands imploringly.

"There is Ralph. What will become of him?"

"Do not distress yourself, sweet," he answered. "I know all his affairs. And what I have earned for you shall clear him. It is enough. You and I can live in a cottage with love, after all—can we not?"—Exchange.

### A Quaint Old Town.

Arles is one of those curious old towns that were evidently planned with an eye to siege. Crossing the moat, one passes through an embattled gateway with quaint armorial carvings sadly mutilated by time. The cobblestone streets are very narrow, and, in their labyrinthine windings, remind one of the Kyles of Bute. Having safely threaded them, the center of the town is reached—the Place Royale. Here, hard by the Hotel de Ville, is the Cathedral of St. Trophimus. Not far distant from the cathedral are the remains of the Roman theater. The two Corinthian columns still standing remind one of the forum at Rome. The ground is strewn with the fragments of pillars extending in a line for a considerable distance, and beyond rise—tier above tier in the form of a semicircle—the seats for the spectators.

Near to the theater is the most celebrated of the Arles antiquities, the great amphitheater. It measures 49 feet by 341, and there still remain two stories of 50 arches, formed of such enormous blocks of stone as call to mind the giant circle at Stonehenge. Within the walls are vaulted chambers opening on the arena, which are supposed to have been the dens of wild beasts. Above them there are 5 corridors and 43 rows of seats, which were capable of accommodating upward of 20,000 people. The building is believed to be of the time of Titus, and though not comparable in interest to the Coliseum at Rome is in a much better state of preservation. The amphitheater was in the eighth century converted into a fortress either by the Saracens or by Charles Martel, who erected four defensive towers, three of which remain.—London Quiver.

### His Damage.

Lord Ligonier's death was once erroneously announced in the newspapers, and he was eager to prosecute them. His lawyers, however, assured him that he had no case, having suffered no damage. "There," he said, "you are very much mistaken, for I was going to marry a great fortune, who thought I was but 74. The papers said I was 80, and now she will not have me."

### Elastic Band Music.

"Pop," said little Caleb Penquin, "what sort of music does an elastic band play?"

"Why, I don't know of any particularly distinguishing characteristic that it would have, Caleb," said Mr. Penquin, "except that it might be rather long drawn out."

"Right!" said little Caleb.—New York Sun.

# FALLING IN LOVE.

The first time I saw Mrs. Periwinkle was when she was "sweet 16." It was at a party my sister gave to her schoolmates, and Amelia Ann, for that was the dear creature's name, was the divinity of the evening. She wore a blue dress—I shall never forget that dress—which was low cut in the neck, showing a pair of the whitest, roundest and most polished shoulders in the world, and she had long golden ringlets that flowed down her back—in short, I thought I had never seen anything half so angelic.

Perhaps she was as much impressed by my appearance—she has often since told me she was—for she allowed me to dance with her almost every set, said "yes" to everything I proposed and drank a glass of champagne at supper at my request, though insisting that she had never done such a wicked thing in her life before. When Harry Hanson spoke to her and asked her to eat a philopena with him I felt as if I could have knocked him down. Dear creature! I heard her afterward refuse to let him see her home and shall never forget how chopfallen he looked when she said, with a toss of the head: "No, thank you. I'm engaged."

It was I that escorted her to her father's door, and when she asked me in I didn't know for a minute whether I stood on my head or on my feet. But I declined, pleading the late hour. On my way home I whistled, sang and occasionally danced. Never had I felt so happy. It seemed as if I could almost fly. "Oh, Amelia Ann!" I kept repeating, thinking what a pretty name it was, and then I would break out into "Zip Coon" or perhaps "Dan Tucker," till at last a watchman, tapping me on the shoulder, told me not to "cut them shines," or he'd take me up for being tipsy. Frightened half out of my wits, I gave him a dollar and had the satisfaction of hearing him growl out in return that he saw I was a gentleman, "wich saved my bacon."

I reached home and began to undress, but had to stop, with a stocking half way off, to try and recall how Amelia Ann looked. I shut my eyes and leaned back dreamingly in my chair to call up satisfactorily the image of her plump shoulders and round white arms. It was a bitter cold night, but in spite of it I paused in turning down the sheets, and when one fool was already raised to get into bed—for it suddenly struck me that perhaps Amelia Ann was thinking of me at that very moment; yes, sitting abstractedly before her chamber fire, all in virgin white, blushing and ruminating. "Ah, dear Amelia Ann!" I ejaculated, clasping the air and dropping the coverlid, and in that ecstasy I stood till the cold bit me like a pair of nippers in 10,000 places at once, and then I popped into bed, and, curling up like a whiplash, repeated, "Lovely Amelia Ann!" till, falling asleep, I dreamed of her all night.

I called three times that week to see her. She played on the piano divinely and sang like a St. Cecilia. Her "Last Rose of Summer" was enchanting, better than Jenny Lind's, I thought. I have never forgiven her two boisterous brothers, who used to talk aloud while she sang, and who, even when silent, never listened to her. The rude boors!

The second week I knew Amelia Ann I spent every evening but one with her, and then she had a headache and could see nobody. How I walked up and down on the other side of the way, looking up at the windows which I knew to be hers, and where a light was burning! Once or twice a shadow was reflected on the curtain, and that was almost as good as seeing her. "Dearest Amelia Ann!" I said. "If I could only have your headache for you!"

The next Sunday I proposed. Everybody but we two had gone to church, and we remained at home to read "Lalla Rookh." I can still point out the exact spot on the back parlor sofa where she sat when she promised to be mine.

We have been married five years, but somehow or other she doesn't care for dress any more, and as for poetry she declares it's "trash." Her hair is worn plain and often looks frouzy, but she says it's impossible, with all her family, to be tidy for long. In truth, our three darlings occupy so much of her attention that she has time for nothing. She never opens the piano. "She does not know the new pieces," she says, "and is tired of the old ones."

She often tells me it is a wonder she looks as well as she does, considering the troubles of housekeeping, especially the perversity of children and the difficulty of keeping servants. Her cares she declares "are wearing out her life"; so that I consider it a miracle she survives at all. It is true I endeavor to lighten the load for her by nursing the baby all the evening and getting up at night to carry it if it cries. I allow her, too, unlimited credit at the milliner's, for she vows she could not be happy without four new bonnets a year.

I used to think, before we were married, that she lived on air, perhaps like a chameleon, or without eating. But she has an excellent appetite now. If it was not for that, she says, she would long since have sunk under her troubles.

She was very fond of porter till she joined a temperance society, since which time she has found great benefit in drinking the strongest black tea. She has certain dishes which are quite favorites with her, for it was but yesterday she said: "Be sure you come home to dinner, love, for we are going to have what I like above all things—beefsteak smothered in onions."

And thus I fell in love with a blue dress and white shoulders, that beefsteak and onions might come of it.—New York News.

### Borrow as a Missionary.

Strangest of all missionaries was George Borrow. He had a genius for language, a gift of style and an ineradicable love for horse dealing. Like Carlyle, he had a singular power of reading the inner man from his outward garb and bearing. Like Carlyle, too, with all his literary gifts and attainments, Borrow was at heart the peasant adventurer—of the eastern counties—and was never really at ease in higher society. His theology never sits easily upon him. In his missionary work he has the oddest way of persuading himself that it is his duty to follow his wildest caprices, as when he makes a journey to Cape Finisterre, which he longed to see, to leave there a single copy of the New Testament, and he gives thanks most piously for his neighbors' misfortunes.

"After traveling four days and nights we arrived at Madrid without having experienced the slightest accident, though it is but just to observe, and always with gratitude to the Almighty, that the next mail was stopped" '(volume 2, page 217). —Academy.

### Famous Baths.

Marie Antoinette's bath, which was prescribed by her doctor, was a compound of aromatic herbs mixed with a handful of salt. She took it cold in summer and tepid in winter.

Later on Mme. Tallien had brought every morning to her house 20 pounds of strawberries and two pounds of raspberries, which were mashed in her bath of warm milk and water. Another preparation, used by the eastern women, is composed of barley, rice, horrage, thyme and marjoram boiled together and then thrown into the water.

Ninon de l'Enclos took a bath every night in which there was salt, soda and three pounds of honey mixed with milk, all well beaten in tepid rainwater.—Philadelphia Press.

### The Motto In the Laundry.

"I would like to know what that motto is you have on the wall, Chiney? Is it 'Bless Our Home?'"

Ah Sin (translating it)—Man liveth for less than a hundred years, yet gives himself so much trouble about other people's business as if he were going to live a thousand.—Chicago Dispatch.

# SLEEPING BEAUTY.

A Persian woman of culture thus related the old legend of the "Sleeping Beauty" as a household servant was wont to tell it to the children: Once upon a time there was a king who wished to appoint one of his three sons as his heir. He summoned his grand vizier into his presence so as to consult with him on this important question. They decided to watch the princes for a year and judge them according to each one's conduct. One day, at the beginning of the year, the three proposed to go out hunting. After some time the eldest, Prince Abdullah, shot a lion, and, feeling tired, returned home. Prince Housen, the other, shot a bear and as he was satisfied with his day's hunting returned to the palace. The youngest, Prince Akbar, spied a gazelle and pursued it. He was soon lost sight of. His followers, after waiting for a long time for their master and having looked everywhere for him, decided to return and tell his father the sad news.

The king was very much grieved at losing his youngest and dearest son. He sent many men and soldiers to search the grounds where the prince had been last seen, but without success, for nobody could find any trace of him, and at last the king gave up the idea in despair, feeling sure that he would never see his favorite child alive again. The prince, meanwhile, was running as fast as he could after the gazelle, till at last he arrived in front of a palace with an iron gate, over which the gazelle leaped and disappeared. He could not follow it there, so, being hot, tired and hungry, he threw himself on the grass to rest a little. He noticed three doves perched on the gate—they were really fairies who had assumed that shape.

"Well," said one, "that prince is doing a very foolish thing, lying down there. Perhaps he does not know this is the goblin's residence and that every Sunday morning the goblin takes a walk around his property and devours anybody he finds on it. He is certain to find that prince just near the gate."

"Well," said the second dove, "he can save his life very easily. He only has to go down that deep well, and when he gets to the bottom he will find himself in a dark room, where he will see an ugly old witch leaning over a kettle and half sitting on a chair. Without waking her he must take the piece of glass which is under her left foot and break it, for it is the goblin's life. As soon as it is in pieces the goblin will expire. He must then attack the witch and kill her with his sword."

The prince rose from the grass, and, acting on the advice he had just heard, he very soon found the well and went down it by a circular path, but the lower he got the hotter it grew, till the poor prince began to feel giddy, sick and faint, though he kept on bravely and never thought of turning back. At last he found himself in the room, took the piece of glass without waking the old witch, broke it into a hundred pieces, killed the witch and climbed out of the well and was surprised to find himself in a lovely garden, near another iron gate much bigger than the first, which he tried to open. As he could not do so he walked about the garden, in which was a large brook of running water, quenched his thirst at it and stretched himself under a tree, where he soon fell asleep. He awoke hearing the same doves speaking in the tree on a branch just over his head. The third one was speaking:

"If he wants to open the iron gate, he must try to do it with the point of his sword and as soon as the doors fly open put his hand into his pocket and take out three gold coins, which he must throw into the mouth of the black serpent which will come out of the gate with its mouth open ready to eat the prince. If he can do this quickly, the serpent will die as soon as the money is in its mouth, and the prince will set free a lovely princess, but he will have to look for her."

Rising, the prince once more did as the doves had said. When his sword touched the gate, the doors flew open and the horrible black head of an enormous serpent came out, showing its fangs. The prince threw the money, and the ugly reptile died. The prince soon found himself in another and much prettier garden, and, feeling hungry, looked about to see if he could find something to eat. Fruit there was in abundance; so, gathering up six splendid apples, he ate them and then walked up to the beautiful palace he saw in front of him. He went through many lovely rooms full of rare and costly things, each one more splendid than the last, but the prince felt depressed at the great silence, for not a living thing was to be heard.

At last he reached the second story, and, going into the last and handsomest room, he shortly became aware that a beautiful young lady was asleep on a low couch not far from where he was standing. He hesitatingly approached her to have a better view of her face, and thought her so lovely that he stooped over her and kissed her. She opened her eyes and was surprised to find a young man near her and told him to go away as fast as he could, for this was the goblin's castle, and that either the goblin, the witch (his mother) or the black serpent would eat him. He told her his adventures and she told him hers.

When she was a child, she had been stolen from her father's kingdom, and many princes and young men had lost their lives in trying to save her and take her away from the goblin's castle. She thanked Prince Akbar very courteously for having freed her.

After a few days the prince, finding he loved her very much indeed, asked her to become his wife. She consented. They then mounted on horseback to go back to the prince's father's kingdom.

They soon arrived. The king was very happy to see his son again and also to see what a beautiful bride he had chosen. The year was now over, and after this the king chose Prince Akbar as his heir. The prince now inhabits the goblin's castle, where his father occasionally visits him. And if any of you wish to go and see him, you only have to find the goblin's castle, for the prince is very hospitable and will make you welcome.—Westminster Budget.

### Gilbert.

W. S. Gilbert, the writer of the words for light opera, is an "agricultural amateur" and something of an astronomer. His home farm at Graeme's Dyke, Harrow Weald, England, is said to be almost a alics of perfection's cake and is stocked with some magnificent thoroughbred Jersey cows, over which he watches most carefully. When he tires of his cows and night comes down upon him, he retires to his observatory and lends his versatile imagination for a while to astronomy, a science which he discovers to be "alternately singularly soothing and desperately discouraging."—New York Times.

The wings of the owl are lined with a soft down that enables the bird to fly without making the slightest sound, a very important matter to a nocturnal bird of prey.

To take for granted as truth all that is alleged against the fame of others is a species of credulity that men would blush at on any other subject.—Jane Porter.


### All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.



LE BRUN'S FOR EITHER SEX. This remedy being injected directly to the seat of these diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet. Cure guaranteed in 1 to 3 days. Small plain package, by mail, $1.00. Sold only by

G & G CURE

R. R. BELLAMY,
Druggist, Sole Agents, Wilmington, N. C.
my D&W 1y



BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 6 bottles, $5.75. Circular sent on request.

dec 27 1y



Get Your Christmas Gifts Free

Many thousand dollars worth of valuable articles suitable for Christmas gifts for the young and old, are to be given to smokers of Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco. You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

Blackwell's Genuine DURHAM Tobacco



Bowden Lithia Water

CONTAINS MORE LITHIA Than Any Other Natural Mineral Water in the World.

The Only Known Solvent of Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys.

Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, ex-President Georgia State Medical Association, says: "Have used Bowden Lithia Water extensively in bladder and kidney troubles, and the results have been most gratifying."

From Lithia Springs, Ga. Popular Prices.

W. A. Wakely, M. D, Auburn, N. Y., says: "Have obtained quick and satisfactory results in Chronic Rheumatism and Bright's Disease."

BOWDEN LITHIA WATER is guaranteed to cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Rheumatism, Insomnia, Gout and Nervous Dyspepsia. Posta Card brings illustrated pamphlet.

Our Sparkling Table Water Has no Equal. For Sale in Any Quantity By

BOWDEN LITHIA SPRINGS CO.,
mar 8 D&W 1y — 174 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.



GUNPOWDER,

A WHOLE CAR LOAD.

Unexampled Facilities for Handling. In Lots for Immediate Delivery.

Our magazine is on land and can be reached in any kind of weather, thus insuring prompt handling.

Country Merchants especially will find it to their interest to trade here as our PRICES ARE AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Also every kind of House and Field Hardware that you may need.

Inspect Our Splendid Stock.

J. W. MURCHISON,
nov 7 tf — Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C



ST. MARY'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September 24th, 1896.

Special attention paid to thorough instruction on the Violin.

Certificate admits to Vassar.

jy 19 2½m — REV. B. SMEDES, A. M



PEACE

No superior work done anywhere, North or South. It has now the best faculty it has ever had. The advantages offered in Literature, Languages, Music and Art are unsurpassed.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

ju 25 3m

FOR YOUNG LADIES, Raleigh, N. C.

Institute.

JAMES DINWIDDIE, M. A. (University of Virginia) PRINCIPAL.



GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1895.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,

ARNDT, CARR & CO.

For sale—Wholesale and Retail, and guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy. Retail by J. H. Hardin and all other Druggists, Wilmington, N. C.

ap 30 D & w 6m



1831 THE CULTIVATOR AND Country Gentleman. 1897

THE BEST OF THE AGRICULTURAL WEEKLIES

DEVOTED TO

Farm Crops and Processes, Hor culture & Fruit-Growing Live Stock and Dairying,

While it also includes all minor departments of Rural Interest, such as the Poultry Yard, Entomology, Bee Keeping, Greenhouse and Grapery, Veterinary Replies, Farm Questions and Answers, Fireside Reading, Domestic Economy, and a summary of the News of the Week. Its MARKET REPORTS are unusually complete, and much attention is paid to the Prospects of the Crops, all throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—*When to Buy and When to Sell.* It is liberally illustrated, and contains most reading matter than ever before. The subscription Price is $1.50 per ear, but we offer a SPECIAL REDUCTION in our

CLUB RATES FOR 1897.

TWO SUBSCRIPTIONS, in one remittance $4
SIX SUBSCRIPTIONS, do. do. 10
TEN SUBSCRIPTIONS, do. do. 15

☞ To all New Subscribers for 1897, paying in advance NOW, WE WILL SEND THE PAPER WEEKLY from our RECEIPT of the remittance, to January 1st, 1897, WITHOUT CHARGE.

☞ SPECIMEN COPIES FREE. Address

LUTHER TUCKER & SON *Publishers,*
oct 15 tf — ALBANY, N. Y.



Don't You Believe It.

I HAVE NOT CLOSED UP MY PLACE OF business, nor do I intend to do so, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding. I am gaining new customers every day, but there is room for a few more, and I hope by keeping good workmen and doing everything to please to merit the patronage of a fair number of the good people of this city. Shaving 10c.

Respectfully,
A. FEMPERT,
oct 18 tf — No. 11 South Front street



MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
J. H. Kinsey, Maxton.
G. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
je 8 1m



SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge —climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,
Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.


## W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

| NORTH BOUND | | | STATIONS. | SOUTH BOUND | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| No. 52 | No. 48 | | | No. 47 | No. 53 | |
| A M | P M | | —WILMINGTON— | P M | P M | |
| 7 00 | 3 00 | Lv. | ...Mulberry street... | Ar | 12 40 | |
| 7 00 | 3 10 | Lv. | ...Surry street... | Ar | 12 30 | 8 25 |
| 9 00 | | Ar. | ...Jacksonville... | Lv | | 10 25 |
| 11 00 | 6 30 | Lv. | " | Ar | 10 40 | 10 30 |
| 11 55 | 4 30 | Lv. | ...Mayesville... | Lv | 9 45 | 9 18 |
| 12 30 | 6 44 | Lv. | ...Pollocksville... | Lv | 9 05 | 8 50 |
| 1 30 | 7 31 | Ar. | ...Newbern... | Lv | 8 30 | 8 00 |
| | P M. | | | A M. | | |

Nos. 2 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 6 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTIN, Traffic Manager.
my 22 tf

## ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT Nov. 15, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.03 a m, Warsaw 11.14 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 12.42 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.30 p m, Weldon 3.29 p m, Petersburg 5.35 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.59 p m, Philadelphia 3.45 m, New York 6.58 a m, ?Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.49 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.33 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 11.48 a m, †Norfolk 5.30 a m, Petersburg 3.32 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.32 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.32 p m, Boston 5.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 5.25 P M — No. 39—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.22 p m, Chadbourn 5.14 p m, Marion 6.05 p m, Florence 6.45 p m, Sumter 8.30 p m, Columbia 9.50 p m, Denmark 5.30 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.20 p m, Savannah 12.30 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.18 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.00 m, New York 9.40 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.40 p m, Richmond 7.20 p m, Petersburg 8.13 p m, †Norfolk 9.25 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 6.05 p m, Rock Mount 5.40 a m, leave Wilson 6.15 a m, Goldsboro 7.00 a m, Warsaw 7.51 a m, Magnolia 8.03 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 7.15 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.38 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.35 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 3.00 p m and 2.00 p m, arrive Parmele 5.50 a m and 3.40 p m; returning leave Parmele 2.57 a m and 6.30 p m, arrives Washington 11.25 a m and 7.20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.35 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.10 a m.

Train on Mid and N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 9.15 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9.00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 11.05 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.45 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 5.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.39 a m, Dillon 9 49 a m, Rowland 10 07 a m, returning leaves Rowland 5.35 p m, arrives Dillon 5.56 p m, Latta 6.09 p m, Pee Dee 6.30 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.10 p m, leave Conway 2.20 p m, Chadbourn 5.30 p m, arrive Hub 6.00 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8 55 a m, 9 10 a m and 8 35 p m, arrive Darlington 9 26 a m, 10 26 a m and 9 05 p m, leave Darlington 9 31 a m and 10 40 a m, arrive Cheraw 10 40 a m and 12 30 p m. leave Cheraw 12 45 p m, arrive Wadesboro 2.25 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 3 p m, arrive Cheraw 4 45 p m, leave Cheraw 4 55 p m and 5 15 p m, arrive Darlington 7 p m and 6 32 p m. Leave Darlington 7.30 p m, 6.37 and 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 p m, 6.45 p m and 8 15 a m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floyds 7 30 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 9 30 a m; arrive Floyds 9 40 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Sumter 9 25 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 7 30 p m, Darlington 9 10 p m, arrive Bennettsville 11.07 p m, Gibson 10 25 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 37 p m. Manning 6.56 p m, arrive Lane's 7 37 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.30 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.39 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.30 

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 26

## HORSES AND MULES.

Large Purchases Made by the Spanish Government for the Armies in Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KANSAS CITY, November 25.—Agents of the Spanish Government have made large purchases of mules in Kansas City markets, the last one yesterday from Sparks Bros., with orders to get them to New Orleans as quickly as possible. The firm has arranged to send 975 of the animals during the present week and will send the others as the Government makes requisition for them. It is understood that the animals are to be used in transporting supplies for the Spanish soldiers in the campaign that is to be at once undertaken by Captain General Weyler against the insurgents.

ST. LOUIS, November 25.—The local members of the Cuba Libre Society claim that the Spanish Government has representatives in this city who are buying live stock and ammunition to be used in the war in Cuba. Thirty carloads of fine horses and mules were shipped south in one train yesterday. It is claimed that the whole lot will be sent to Havana and placed at the disposition of General Weyler. They were purchased in small lots at the National stock yards and kept in a small pen until the train load was completed. The traders at the stock yards assert that there is a high demand for high-class cavalry horses and army mules.

## CONDEMNED TO DEATH.

A Cuban Leader Who Surrendered to the Spaniards Under Promise of Amnesty.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, November 25.—Antonio Lopez Coloma, who was at the head of the revolutionists in the province of Matanzas when the present insurrection in Cuba broke out, has been condemned to death for the crimes of rebellion and homicide. He is to be executed tomorrow in the Cabanas for treason. Coloma, who headed the insurgents in the Matanzas province, where the insurrection was suppressed after about six weeks' fighting through the activity of the Spanish authorities, surrendered together with many other of the rebels upon the strength of a proclamation of amnesty made by Captain General Calleja. In the cases of nearly all the others who gave themselves up the Captain General's promise was made good, and they were set at liberty. Coloma, however, in spite of the promise of amnesty made to him, was not released, he being looked upon as one of the leaders and organizers of the rebellion. Instead, he was sent to Morro Castle, where he has been confined for over a year and a half, awaiting the decision in his case. The authorities until recently made no attempt to inflict upon him any more severe punishment than imprisonment.

## SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 25.—The *Sun* says: Spot cotton here was unchanged. Liverpool was unchanged on the spot, with sales of 10,000 bales; futures advanced three and a half to five points. The receipts at the ports were 43,810 bales. Futures advanced six to nine points, lost this and declined ten to thirteen points, but rallied and closed unchanged to two points higher, with sales of 318,600 bales; exports, 50,784 bales.

The speculation to-day was fairly active, but the trading was in the main of an evening up character. At first prices advanced in response to higher cables, but on sales to realize the improvement was lost and a slight decline followed. Liverpool was a moderate seller here. At the decline, however, shorts covered and prices rallied, closing at practically unchanged figures, as compared with last night's final quotations. The South bought here and the Continent also sent buying orders. The spot markets in this country were steady, but sluggish.

## OFFICIAL RETURNS

Of the Vote for State Officers in North Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, November 25.—Official returns of the vote for the State officers from all counties save Chowan, Pender and Polk are in hand at Republican headquarters and show that Russell, Republican, for Governor, received 151,006 votes; Watson, Democrat, 143 605. The majorities for Russell from the three above named counties are also in hand and show Russell's majority over Watson to be 9,019. The State officers will to-morrow begin the canvass of the vote and this will doubtless occupy two days.

## NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

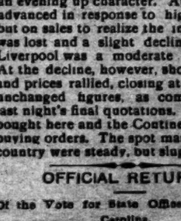
NEW YORK, November 25.—Rosin quiet; strained common to good $1 90. Spirits turpentine steady at 27@27½c.

CHARLESTON, November 25.—Spirits turpentine firm at 34¼c sales 25 casks. Rosin firm; sales 500 barrels; A, B $1 40, C, D, E, F $1 45, G $1 50, H $1 55, I $1 60, K $1 65, M $1 80, N $2 00, W G $2 20, W W $2 50.

SAVANNAH, November 25.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 34¼c, with sales of 1,548 casks; closed quiet at 34¼c, sales — bales; receipts 1,336 casks. Rosin was firm and prices unchanged, with sales of 5,000 barrels; receipts 6,529 barrels; quotations: A, B, C, D, E F $1 50, G, $1 55, H $1 60, I $1 65, K $1 70, M $1 90, N $2 10, W G $2 30, W W $2 50.

The heaviest storm known in Montana for years is raging all over the State and the mercury at different points is from 10 to 40 degrees below zero.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A Cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

## TWO TRAINS WRECKED.

ACCIDENT ON THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Passengers Escaped With a Few Bruises—Engineer and Fireman Killed—Express Messenger Badly Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 25.—A freight train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, east-bound, was nearing this place this morning when the axle broke and wrecked the rear end of the train. The Southern Express, carrying passengers from Atlanta, Washington and Baltimore, was close behind, on another track, running at a high rate of speed. Before it could be flagged, it ran into the wreckage of the train which had spead over its track. The engine, mail car, two baggage cars and four sleepers were derailed.

The passengers, though considerably shaken up, escaped with a few bruises. The train crew, however, were not so fortunate. Joseph Meegan, 49 years of age, of Jersey City, engineer of the Express, and his fireman, H. W. Chichester, also of Jersey City, were pinned under their fallen engine and slowly scalded to death in full view of the passengers and trainmen gathered about, who were powerless to aid them. The baggage master was badly hurt in the wreck, but it is thought he will recover. The trains were stalled for hours. Wrecking crews were soon on the scene and after four hours' work succeeded in partially raising the blockade by opening one track.

The wreck occurred at Millstone Junction, two miles from here, at 8 09 this morning.

The injured man is E. S. Lambert, Express messenger, who has two ribs broken and was injured about the jaw and body. He may recover. Meegan, the engineer, must have seen the wreck in front of him just before the crash came. The passengers remember hearing a sudden slacking up of the train and they noticed the application of the air-brakes. In another moment came an awful crash. The first four cars were telescoped and crashed down a fifteen-foot embankment at the right. The first car was a mail car, containing the clerks, who were unhurt. Next came the Adams Express car and then a heavy Pullman coach, containing ten passengers. The fifth car, which was also a Pullman, went off the track, but it did not go down the embankment. The next three Pullman cars kept the track.

The passengers who were in the telescoped Pullman were asleep in their berths at the time, with two exceptions. They were thrown out of their beds violently and awoke to find themselves hemmed in. The lights had gone out and gas was escaping, adding to their horror. They heard the cries of the frightened and injured, and when they found egress cut off at the front and rear doors they broke through the windows and crawled out to the ground.

When the attention of the passengers in the rear cars was directed to the engineer and fireman of the passenger engine they found that they could not get near the engineer, who was buried in a heap of debris. Steam escaped in clouds from the engine, and it was apparent at once that whoever were in the wreck were dead.

## GOLD CERTIFICATES.

A New Issue Proposed by Treasury Department Officials.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—Assistant Secretary Curtis has been in New York two days but will be at his desk again Friday. No information is obtainable at the Department as to the cause for his visit to New York, but it is believed to be in connection with the proposed renewal of the issuance of gold certificates. It was generally understood at the Department that upon the return of the Assistant Secretary, Secretary Carlisle would issue an order permitting the resumption of this practice, he having authority under the act of July 12, 1882, to stop the issue of gold certificates whenever the reserve fell below the one hundred million mark. The cessation of this issue has happened frequently during the past four years, but it is now believed that the ordinary course of business will not interfere with a practice that has been found convenient for the banking institutions of the country, and particularly for those in the large cities.

There has been no stable gold balance since 1893. When Secretary Carlisle took hold of the Treasury in March, 1893, there were $118,000,000 of gold certificates outstanding, but they have been entirely withdrawn. When the first suspension of the issue of gold certificates occurred there were $114,000,000 outstanding. This happened in April, 1893. After the sale of bonds the gold reserve was recouped, but only temporarily. On two different occasions the issue of gold certificates was resumed, but it stopped at both times within two or three days after the order was made permitting them. Then the Secretary decided not to again direct their issue until the balance was stable and devoid of the fluctuations that had marked it through a period of many months.

To-day the outstanding gold certificates aggregate only $89,588,189. The issue proposed consists of denominations of $5,000 and $10,000, and will be issued to such persons as deposit the gold in the Treasury upon which they are issued. These issues are largely used by banks as a part of their reserve funds, and enable them to carry a large amount of the equivalent of gold without the bulk of the article itself and without the attendant losses by abrasion, etc.

## TOBACCO GROWERS.

The National Convention to be Held in Ocala, Florida, January Next.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., November 25.—The National Tobacco Growers' Convention that will be held in Ocala, Fla., January 19th, gives promise of being one of the most important gatherings ever held in Florida. Secretary D. S. Williams, of the Ocala Board of Trade, received a letter on Saturday from the Governor of Indiana stating that he had appointed eleven delegates from that State, all of whom have signified a determination to attend. The Governor of every State in the Union will appoint, if he has not already done so, similar delegates, and representatives from every tobacco growing State in the Union will be present. Mr. Williams is daily in receipt of letters from tobacco men from all parts of the country who will attend whether they are delegates or not. The convention is being thoroughly advertised in all the tobacco journals, and is arousing a far greater interest than was anticipated by the most sanguine. It now looks as if there would be at least five hundred delegates and visitors present from outside the State. In addition to this every county in Florida will send delegates.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Centaur Company of New York

Chas. H. Fletcher

## THE WAR IN CUBA.

CAPTAIN GENERAL WEYLER'S RETURN TO HAVANA EXPLAINED.

Two Important Engagements With Maceo's Troops in Which the Spaniards Were Defeated With Heavy Loss in Killed and Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—The Ward Line steamship City of Washington, which arrived to-day from Havana, brought some interesting news of the engagement which occurred recently near Mount Rubia, between the Spanish troops and the insurgent forces, headed by Gen. Maceo.

Last Saturday the Government organ, *La Lucha*, called for trains to convey 1 000 wounded and sick soldiers from Candelabria to Havana. This was the first intimation that had been received that the engagement had been serious in its results.

One of the passengers on the City of Washington, who for obvious reasons did not wish to have his name mentioned, gave an interesting account of how the battle was fought, and this to a great extent, it is thought, explains why Gen. Weyler returned to Havana so soon.

Mount Rubia is twenty-six miles west of Havana, and about twelve miles from the northern coast of the island. Gen. Weyler had spread his trocha across the island in its narrowest part to prevent Maceo's forces moving toward the east. Then the remaining forces were divided into three detachments; one of 5,000 men, another of 10,000 and the third of 20,000, the latter being led by Gen. Weyler himself. These detachments moved towards the mountains from different directions. The detachment of 5 000 reached the mountain first, and after heavy fighting was repulsed by Maceo's forces, with 700 wounded and it is not known how many dead. When the second detachment of 10,000 men under command of Gen. Echague arrived, and began to storm the mountain, they found that the enemy had disappeared. Gen. Weyler, who approached from the trocha, did not have a chance to smell powder.

Details are lacking, but it appears that Maceo had another engagement west of Mount Rubia, in which 1,000 of the Spanish troops were injured. Five hundred of the wounded were brought into Havana by rail and 200 were brought by water, leaving 1,000 sick and wounded still on the field. Weyler's failure to locate Maceo would appear to have been the cause of his hasty return to Havana.

MADRID, November 25.—In an interview to-day upon the subject of the return from the Pinar del Rio, province to Havana of Captain General Weyler, Prime Minister Canovas del Castillo stated that he entirely supported the course pursued by General Weyler. The Premier rejected the idea that Weyler would be superseded as Captain General of Cuba on account of his return to Havana and declared that the Captain General's initiative should be respected. Weyler, he said, had advanced operations in the island for the purpose of allaying the impatience manifested by the public and despite the disadvantages under which he had labored had driven the insurgents out of their fastnesses. Far from the plan of the Captain General's campaign having proved a failure, it was a fact that when he arrived in Havana to succeed Captain General Campos the insurgents in Cuba were a numerous body, whereas, from the time of his assuming command, there had been only a few scattered bands of the rebels, which had been constantly pursued and harassed by the Spanish cavalry.

Senor Canovas further stated that he had not approached General Azcarraga, Minister of War, upon the question of succeeding General Weyler, as such a course would imply a lack of confidence on the part of the Government in the Captain General.

PITTSBURG, PA., November 25.—A special to the *Times* from Findlay, O., says Lieuts. Tillman and Lafiertin and Timothy Shafer, of Company A, Second Regiment, Ohio National Guards, left to day for Tampa, Fla., to join an expedition for Cuba. It is understood that for some time a Cuban agent has been enlisting members of the National Guards of this State, and that a few men will go from each regiment, all of whom are under orders to report at Tampa.

## A NEW AGREEMENT

Regulating the Issue of Passes Adopted by the Western Passenger Association.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, November 25.—The new agreement regulating the issue of passes during 1897, which was adopted by the Western Passenger Association at its recent meeting in St. Louis, makes a more radical change in the present agreement than it was believed at the time of the meeting. The details were made the subject of a circular to-day for general railroad information. Next year only the general manager, president and general superintendent of a railroad will have the power to obtain passes for employes or alleged employes of other lines. This curtailment of the officials whose applications for passes will be honored is expected to result in a reduction of the number issued by 50 per cent. The traffic department, including the general freight agent, is barred from exercising a privilege now enjoyed and the influential shipper is expected to pay his way in future, as it is not believed the freight traffic officials will confess to their superiors by asking for passes for shippers that they get their business by such methods.

## BATTLESHIP TEXAS

Cannot Go to Sea Until Extensive Alterations Are Made.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—While the findings of the naval court which investigated the recent foundering of the battleship Texas have not yet reached the Department, it is learned that without extensive alterations it is very doubtful whether the Texas can be again ordered to sea. It is understood that evidence was adduced to show that sixty-one of her compartments leaked when her engine room was flooded, and that a leak sprung in any one of them at sea would have surely caused the total loss of the ship. Not only were all the alleged "water tight" doors found to be abortive, but in the opinion of at least one member of the court, "her whole bulkhead system is utterly useless."

## WAR WITH SPAIN.

General Bradley T. Johnson Makes a Prediction.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, November 25.—General Bradley T. Johnson, who was recently in Cuba as a newspaper correspondent, is quoted to-day as stating that he believed the meeting of Congress on the first Monday in December will be made notable by a message from the President recommending the recognition of the Cuban belligerents and that the following Wednesday will see a declaration of war by Spain against the United States.

Northern Minnesota was visited by the biggest snow storm of the year yesterday. At the same time central and southern Minnesota have been getting the biggest rains in years. Last night a big cold wave was reported approaching from the Northwest.

## MR. BRYAN AT DENVER

ADDRESS AT THE BANQUET OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The Free Coinage Question Discussed—The Masses Must Go On With the Fight—An Immense Concourse of People Greet the Silver Orator at Pueblo.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DENVER, COL., November 25.—It was very late last night before Mr. Bryan began speaking at the banquet of the Chamber of Commerce in the Brown Palace Hotel. He began by stating that he seemed as in a dream and could scarcely realize that it was reality, and then launching out on his speech, he said that when the people met a man of their making, they placed him on a pedestal for what they believed they made him and not for what he really is.

"It frightens me," he said, referring to the free coinage question, "when I think how many people there are in the country who believe as we do. We believe that we were for what was best for all classes of the people and the oppressed of all foreign countries prayed for our success. This issue goes down deeper and lower and up higher than all others that have confronted us in years. It is a grapple between the producers of wealth and the monopolists and the monopolists were the victors, but the masses were with us. We must go on with this fight. We cannot stop it. Defeat cannot change it. I think we have been successful in bringing our cause before the farmers of the country. I think we shall be more successful in four years more with the laboring men. We failed in our campaign to reach the business men and I believe in the next four years that we ought to give especial attention to bringing our arguments before them. Oh, if I could but make them see as I believe I see it, and understand. You business men must understand," he said, "that the reason money is scarce when you call at the banks is because the banks have insisted upon a policy that ties money up in the Treasury at Washington that ought to be in the banks to be loaned out."

He then concluded his speech upon his usual campaign lines. He did not finish until after 3 o'clock this morning, and it was nearly 3 o'clock before he returned to his room. He was up, however, a few minutes past 6, and at 6.30 took a special train for Pueblo. A crowd was present at the depot to bid him farewell. He was accompanied to Pueblo by Governor-elect Alva Adams and several other prominent Coloradoans.

PUEBLO, COL., November 25.—Mr. Bryan arrived here from Denver shortly after 10 o'clock, and was greeted upon his arrival by an immense concourse of citizens. Thousands of people had come into the city during the night and early morning and added to the excitement of the town. The town was gaily decorated and business was practically suspended to do honor to the late candidate. Mr. Bryan was met at the depot by a committee of citizens.

The speech of the day was made at the Mineral Palace, where he addressed several thousand people on the political issues of the day, along the same strain in which he spoke while in Denver yesterday. Mr. Bryan was driven to the Grand Opera House, where he spoke to women exclusively—and then a drive about the city was in order.

At 6.30 he boarded a train for his home in Lincoln, passing through Colorado Springs at 7.30, where a great crowd had gathered at the station and to whom he addressed a few words.

## GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Closed at an Advance—Corn and Oats Higher—January Pork and Lard Lower—Ribs Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, November 25.—Wheat had a wild opening and comparatively quiet market for the rest of the day's session. Liverpool quotations, which for some time past have been tardy in response to our strength, were up 3¼ to 3¼d at the start this morning and our market, in order to be in accord with them, began two cents above where it closed last night. For probably fifteen minutes there was sharp, active trading, but when sellers of calls had protected themselves, stop loss orders been executed and satisfied holders realized, business became quiet and until the close remained in that condition, excepting when once in a while some professional came in as a buyer or seller of a moderate quantity. Closing Liverpool advances gave a slight decline from the early outside figures. May wheat opened from 84 to 83¾c, sold down to 83¾c, closing at 83¾—1¼@1¾ higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and 1¼c per bushel higher.

Corn was firm without displaying any of the buoyancy which was a feature of the leading grain market. Privileges on corn sold at a very close range last night and any movement either upward or downward was met with the opposition incident to trading against them. Moreover there was no belief in the stability of any boom that might take place, hence the speculative caution. May corn opened at 27¾c, sold between 27¼ and 27¾c, closing at 27¼@27¾c —¼c over yesterday. Cash corn was firm and ¼c higher.

Oats were not endowed with anything worthy of attention or mention. Business was local and very light. Firmness in the tone was due to the strength prevailing in the other markets. May oats closed ¼c per bushel higher. Cash oats were steady.

Provisions—Speculation in product was of light proportions and the feeling was easy, with prices showing declines from yesterday. The hog market showed weakness, and that was the convincing argument for a similar tone in provisions. Prices partially recovered before the close on covering by shorts. January pork closed 2½c lower; January lard 2½@5c lower, and January ribs 2½c higher.

## CIGAR FACTORY FIRE.

A Panic But None of the Employes Seriously Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Four hundred persons, the majority of whom were women, were thrown into a panic shortly before noon to-day by a fire in the six story cigar factory, owned by B. Newark & Co. Although many received bruises, more or less painful, in the scramble for the street, no one was badly injured. The fire started on the fourth floor and worked its way upward through the two upper floors. It was stated that the two upper floors contained stock in the shape of manufactured cigars and rough tobacco to the value of $35,000 or $40,000. This will be a total loss. The damage to the building is estimated at $10 000. The fire was of suspicious origin and an investigation is in progress.

The present owners of the steamer Bermuda have applied to the authorities at Ottawa, Canada, for a permanent register. It is stated on good authority that it will be granted.

### An Important Difference.

To make it apparent to thousands who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only, and sold by all druggists.

## DOGS AND BIRDS.

U. S. Pointer Derby Trials and Contest for All-Age Setter Stakes at Newton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., November 25.—A special to the *Observer* from Newton says: The United States Pointer Derby Trial was concluded this forenoon. A heavy dew this morning afforded an opportunity for better work by those pups fortunate enough to be retained in to-day's series. The result of this race up to a late hour has not been made known, and it is supposed that the judges are "hung."

The all-age setter stake was begun this afternoon with eight dogs, braced as follows: H. R. Edwards' "Howard" against "Fox" and Blythe's "Tonys Glee." W. H. Besset's "Harold Smipole" against Del Monte kennel's "Sam T." H. R. Edwards' "Harwick" against E. A. Burdett's "Cincinnati's Pride;" H. B. Ledbetter's "Maries Sport" against Norvin T. Harris' "Tony Boy."

## WARM WIRELETS.

In the twenty-round fight between Billy Smith, of Boston, and Tommy Ryan, of Syracuse, last night, the referee awarded the fight to Ryan on account of a foul by Smith in the ninth round.

Numbers one and two of the Sanford, Maine, mills, will start on full time Monday next, employing many operatives who have been out of work for six months. Mill No. 6, started last Monday.

Richard Cherry, proprietor of the Albany (Ga.) *Penny Press*, committed suicide at his home Wednesday night, by taking morphine. No cause is assigned. He was about 28 years of age, single and very popular.

The Treasury Department has issued a call for the redemption of United States 6 per cent. bonds, amounting to nine millions of dollars, issued under the act of July 1st, 1862, and July 2, 1864, in aid of certain Pacific railroads.

Preparations for putting into commission the new armored cruiser Brooklyn, believed to be the finest vessel of her class in the world, are progressing, and it is expected that the vessel will be added to the effective fleet the first of December.

Leading newspapers of Madrid are bitter in criticisms of the return of Gen. Weyler to Havana, and declare him to be morally ruined. All of these papers demand that Gen. Ascarraga, the present Minister of War, be sent to Cuba at once to supersede Weyler.

News from Pekin is that the Emperor will appoint Li Hung Chang to re-organize the Imperial navy and that the programme is to build within five years six large battleships, twelve first class armored cruisers and twenty second and third class fast cruisers.

The Supreme Court of North Carolina has decided that where a druggist sold a man's wife opium after he had been warned by the husband not to do so, and the use of the drug affected the woman's health, the druggist is liable for damages. The decision was readered in a case where the plaintiff sued for $3,000, which he recovers.

Receivers were appointed yesterday for the Campbell & Zell Company. The firm conducted a large business as engineers and contractors and was also proprietors of the Enterprise Marine and Boiler Works and the Enterprise Iron Works of Baltimore. The assets of the company are estimated at $438,000 and the liabilities at $168 878.

### Pay of Former Contributors.

Coleridge took at times an exaggerated view of his services to The Morning Chronicle. His surprising statement that Stuart in 1800 offered him £2,000 a year if he would devote himself to journalism, that he declined on the ground that he would not give up "the reading of old folios" for twenty times £2,000, and that he considered any pay beyond $850 as a real evil, is obviously impossible. Stuart probably tried to spur his indolent contributor by saying that his services would be worth some such sum if they could be made regular. But the statement is only worth notice here in illustration of the state of the literary market at the time. Southey acknowledges his gratitude for the guinea a week which he received as Stuart's "laureate."

Poetry, by the way, appears to have been more in demand then than at the present day. Both Perry and Stuart's elder brother offered to employ Burns, and Coleridge, Southey, Campbell and Moore all published poems in the newspapers. Lamb tried his hand at "jokes." "Sixpence a joke," he says—"and it was thought pretty high, too—was Dan Stuart's settled remuneration in these cases."

The high water mark of a journalist's earnings at the end of the last century is probably marked by the achievement of Mackintosh, who earned 10 guineas in a week. "No paper could stand it!" exclaimed the proprietor, and the bargain had to be revised. A few years later, however, we are told that Sterling, the father of Carlyle's friend, was receiving the sum which Coleridge supposed himself to have refused, namely, £2,000 a year for writing leading articles in The Times.—National Review.

### The White Mountains In Winter.

The enjoyment of the White mountains seems to be confined, with slight exceptions, to three or four months in the summer and early autumn, but our White hills are equally interesting in the winter, when they are white in fact as well as in name, and the day is coming, let us hope soon, when the beauties of the mountains will be as fully appreciated under the winter solstice as under the summer sun. If people could only be made to realize that, even though the thermometer does sometimes run far below zero, the east wind and its penetrating chill are not present; if "city folks" could only appreciate how easy it is to learn to walk on snowshoes, and what invigorating exercise it is; if they would stop to consider how many clearer days there are in winter than in summer, they would perhaps be more willing to forego some of their numerous social engagements and breathe the pure air of the mountains for a week or two in January and February.—Boston Gazette.

### New Definitions.

Inmates of the Home For Feeble Minded Children at Glen Ellen often surprise their teachers by bright questions and witty answers.

"Now, children, which one of you can tell me what grass is?" asked one of the instructors the other day. She selected one little girl from among those who waved their hands in furious attempts to gain recognition, and she promptly answered:

"Little live green streaks."

"What is a doll?" was the next question, and a little boy answered:

"It is a cry baby turned into nothing."—San Francisco Post.

THE WHOLE STORY of the wonderful cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla is soon told. It makes the blood rich, pure and nourishing. It cures scrofula, catarrh, rheumatism, etc.

HOOD'S PILLS act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

## ITS PAPA WENT OUT TO SMOKE.

While Baby Took Part In a Comedy of Errors In the Car.

Queer as it seemed, no one laughed. The young man held the baby as though he had been carrying 4-week-old infants all his life. He was a "transfer" from a North State street car waiting with other "transfers" for a Lincoln avenue cable going north. No woman was with him, and he stood on the corner, the little one snugly cuddled in his arm, its head on his shoulder and the long baby skirts tucked well out of the way. Every woman in the crowd commented favorably upon the young man's skill and aptitude, and the men eyed him with secret envy and deep respect.

The Lincoln avenue car, as usual, was crowded, but a baby in arms always has the right of way, and the young man found a seat. Before North avenue was reached the crowd thinned out, and the passenger who occupied the corner seat next to the young man left the car. In a jiffy the little, red faced baby was planted in the corner and in some mysterious manner was securely supported by the end of the car and the back of the seat. The women smiled and the men grinned when the young man, leaving the baby tucked away in the corner, stepped out on the front platform, wiped the perspiration from his brow and lighted a cigar. Every block or so he opened the door, stuck his head inside and satisfied himself that the little one was safe. A young woman, accompanied by an elderly matron, sat near the baby, and whenever the car lurched she stretched out her hand and held the baby in its corner. Just before the car reached the curve at Center and North Clark streets she moved up to the baby and held it when the car shot around the bend.

At the corner of Sedgwick street and Lincoln avenue a woman of determined mien and firm lips, 50 years old or thereabout, entered the car. The only vacant seat was between the young woman and her elderly companion. The young woman, however, moved away from the baby, leaving that space for the newcomer. The latter glanced at the lonesome baby and then at the young woman with a ludicrous expression of surprise, and, rather bewildered, hesitated to take the proffered seat. When she did take it, she sat bolt upright on the edge of the seat, looking first at the baby and then at the young woman, who apparently was serenely unconscious of the suspicious scrutiny.

The very next corner the young woman signaled the conductor. The car stopped and she rose. Without so much as noticing the baby she walked toward the rear platform. The woman next to the baby gasped. She stretched out her hand impulsively, turned full upon the baby, and the passengers held their breath. She gasped again, leaned forward, and then, suddenly rising, called out sharply: "Here, here. Where are you going? Come back and get your baby. What under the sun"—

Then the passengers broke in with a shout, the front door opened and the young man appeared. The young woman, her face crimson, hurried through the rear door; the excited female next to the baby stood in the aisle with her eyes snapping and her mouth open. The young man, picking up the baby, sat down and cuddled the little one in his arms, blissfully unconscious that next to him was a woman mad clear through, scorching the grinning passengers with 50 glances that had the penetrating power of Professor Roentgen's rays.—Chicago Record.

### At Railroad Restaurant.

Traveler—But this coffee is stone cold!

Waiter—Probably. It was ordered by a gentleman who was in the train before this. He didn't have time to drink it.

Traveler—But isn't it a little rough on me to set it before me?

Waiter—It will come out all right. You'll get square on somebody in the next train. He will have to take the coffee you have ordered, for 'tisn't likely that it will be here before your train starts.—Boston Transcript.

### Neatly Turned.

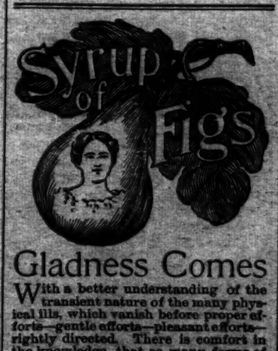
"Sister Alice is engaged," said the terror of the family as he opened the door to De Blanque's ring.

"So am I," retorted De Blanque sadly. "I just called to exchange congratulations."—Detroit Free Press.

An alien may file a caveat for an invention or discovery provided he has resided within the United States for one year and has given notice of his intention to become a citizen.

The manner of a vulgar man has freedom without ease and the manner of a gentleman has ease without freedom.—Chesterfield.

The papillæ on the tips of a lady's fingers are three-millionths of an inch smaller than those on the fingers of a man.




Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skilful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

## Sin Eaters.

Mr. Raymond Schumacher, one of the witnesses called at the Pretoria trial, apparently bothered the state attorney almost as much as Mr. Samuel Weller bothered Mr. Serjeant Buzfuz. After a tremendous wrangle as to whether he was compelled to tell the court his ideas as well as the things he knew to be facts, the following little dialogue occurred: "Then I must give my ideas?" "Yes." "Does the state attorney want all my ideas?" "Yes." "Then I do not remember what my ideas were."—London Globe.

### Lifting With Magnets.

A magnetic crane is employed in a well known London foundry for the purpose of lifting pieces of iron and steel. Three men can thus accomplish in 15 minutes work that formerly required men to be engaged for an hour and a half.

### The Infallible Test.

Watts—How can a man tell which is the best bicycle, I'd like to know?

Potts—Buy one. After you have had it a week it will be the best wheel in the market. It always works that way.—Indianapolis Journal.

### Precaution.

Briggs—Does your wife laugh when you tell her a funny story?

Braggs—Oh, yes. I always tell her beforehand that it is funny.—Indianapolis Journal.

## BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Do you speculate? "Guide to Successful Speculation" mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margins thoroughly explained. Correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., 11 Wall Street, New York. nov 17 1y tu th su

HAY—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92. oct 17 tf

I offer to Discount any Price Lists for Groceries sent out by any other merchant by giving 5 cents worth more on their dollar off. If you don't believe it call on C. D. Jacobs, 210½ North Front street. oct 5 tf

HAYDEN, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. oct

Shoes For The Boys.

Boys are apt to be hard on Shoes, but we have the Shoes adapted to rough usage. One pair of our youth's Kangaroo Calf Lace Shoes at $1.25, or a pair of our "Little Dude" Shoes at $1.25 will convince you that for economy we have the Shoe. Be sure and see them before purchasing elsewhere.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

nov 22 tf

Smoked Herring.

100 Boxes New Herring.
100 Barrels Mullets.
10 Cases Salmon.
75 " Sardines.
50 " Tomatoes.
40 " Pickles.
40 " Peaches.
25 Boxes Battle Ax.

W. B. COOPER.

nov 22 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

200 Barrels New River Mullets

JUST RECEIVED.

250 BOXES TOBACCO, all grades.

30,000 CIGARS.

For Sale at Rock Bottom Prices.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street.

oct 25 tf

Tomato Soup,

Rich and delicious in flavor.

Red Tabasco Pepper Sauce—Hot? Well, yes.

Catsup by the quart a No. 1.

Jordan Shelled Almonds.

Finest quality of Citron.

Everything necessary for a cake. Oranges and Malaga Wafers.

S. W. SANDERS,

At the "Unlucky Corner."

nov 17 tf

One Whole Day Consumed IN BOTTLING HAZEL BLOOM

for this week's sale. It is beyond doubt the best Witch Hazel on the market, and absolutely smells pleasant. 25c a pint. Only at

JAMES D. NUTT'S,

nov 24 tf The Druggist.

A CARD.

Fruit Cake

—FOR—

Thanksgiving and Xmas

IS NOW IN ORDER.

We have some nice at 30c per pound. If you don't want ours let us do your Baking. We bake twice a day and can do your Baking at any time, night or day.

We are yours for low prices.

THE PALACE BAKERY.

nov 22 tf

C. W. Yates & Co.,

Wilmington, N. C.

The Largest Stationery House in the State.

We make a specialty of Bank, Railroad and Office Supplies, and respectfully solicit your orders for the following:

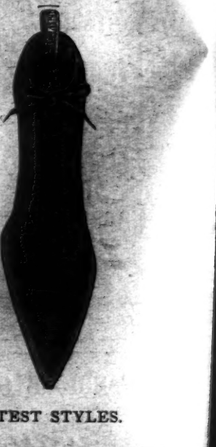
Blank Books, Stationery,

Ledgers, Letter Copying Books, Colored Pencils, Journals, Copying Presses, Sealing Wax, Day Books, Copying Brushes, Records, Tin Cash Boxes, Ink Stands, Inks and Mucilage, Counter Books, Arm Rests, Blotting Paper, Check Books, Rubber Bands, Letter Paper, Note Books, Erasers, Foolscap Paper, Receipt Books, Letter and Bill Files, Legal Cap Paper, Bills Payable, Bills Receivable Books, Paper Clips, Writing Pads, Price Books, Office Baskets, Memorandum Books, Invoice Books, Vest Pocket Memo., Desk Baskets, Steel Pens, Penholders, Lead Pencils, Letter Files, Binding Cases, Office Pins, Trial Balance Books, Time Books, Duplicate Order Books, etc.

The above is only a partial list of the many articles we carry for office use.

nov 15 tf

FULL DRESS SHOES.



LATEST STYLES.

PETERSON & RULFS,

oct 29 tf 7 North Front Street.

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses.

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.50.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colore, $4 00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3 00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.50; afternoon $3.00. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.00. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Jute Bagging,

Arrow Ties,

Cheese, Crackers, Cakes, Salmon, Sardines, Oysters.

Full and complete stock of

HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES.

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Don't fail to see us before buying

WORTH & WORTH.

aug 20 tf

Frank H Stedman. Jas. S. Worth

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Tr